

TOLT RIVER WATERSHED ANALYSIS  
FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT  
MODULE

The following report summarizes the results of th fish habitat assessment module conducted in the Tolt River watershed. All products, including forms and maps, have been reviewed by fish module participants and comments from interested parties have been incorporated.

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4/12/93

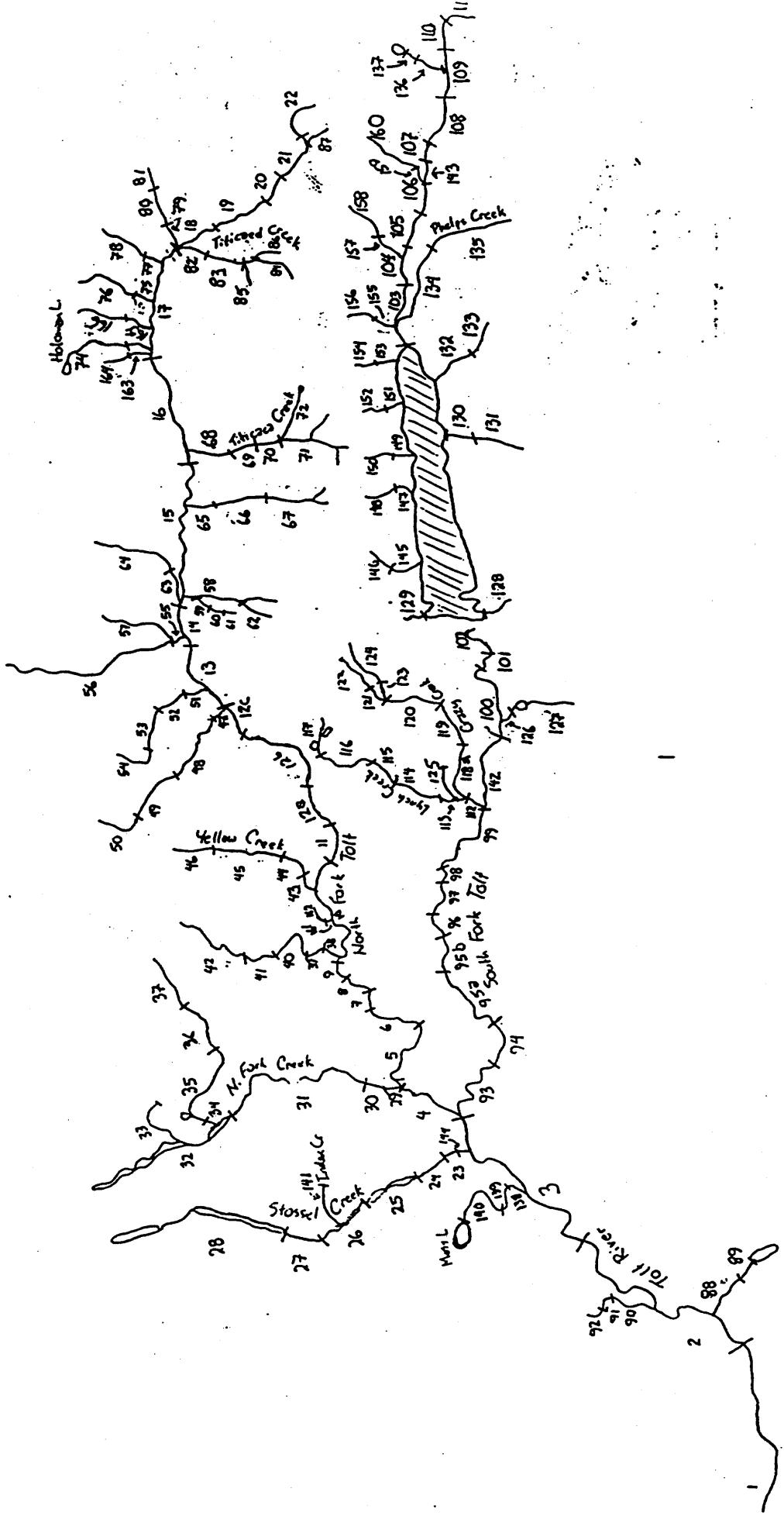
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Prepared for Weyerhaeuser Company

In accordance with  
Standard Methodology for Conducting Watershed Analysis  
Chapter 222-22 WAC. Version 1.10  
Washington Forest Practice Act Board Manual

April 1, 1993

# Tolt River Watershed Response Segments



# TOLT WATERSHED ANALYSIS

## Fish Module Summary Report

The fish resource assessment team (listed below) worked between early January and mid March 1993 to gather pertinent historical information and conduct stream surveys. A wealth of published and unpublished reports covering a variety of topics related to the fish resources of the Tolt were available (see bibliography). Streamflow levels were favorable enough to permit foot surveys in most areas of the basin. Snow prevented road access above Titicaca Creek in the North Fork, and above the reservoir in the South Fork. A helicopter was used to reach segments 17, 18, 103, 134, and 135 in these headwater areas. One large storm event that occurred in January permitted observations of stream conditions during bankfull flows.

### Fish Module Team Members

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### METHODS and SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Data for the Tolt Watershed Analysis Fish Habitat Module were collected in three stages. First the channel team identified stream segments based on channel gradient and confinement (Table 1). This information was used to rate the fish habitat potential for spawning, summer rearing and winter rearing in accordance with criteria provided in version 1.1 of the Watershed Analysis Manual (worksheet ff-5). Supplemental information was obtained through a literature review and interviews with biologists from the Washington Dept. of Fisheries (WDF), Seattle City Light (SCL), Seattle Water Department (SWD), King County Surface Water Management (SWM), the Tulalip Tribes (T), and Weyerhaeuser (W). Washington Trout (WT) members provided considerable information from their experience in the basin. These data were summarized on worksheets ff-1 and ff-2. The module team then met and selected segments which they felt needed field verification. Initially, sites were chosen mainly to fill gaps in the database. Later, more sites were visited to investigate situations identified by the channel team. During field visits the team verified the gradient/confinement classification for the segment and then surveyed all or part of the segment to identify existing or potential habitat problems relative to four life history stages: (1) Upstream migration of spawning adults or instream movements of fish at other life stages, (2) spawning and incubation, (3) summer rearing, and (4) winter rearing. The types of data gathered are listed on the field sheet (form ff-2). These data were transferred to form ff-3. In segments where the fish team determined the default habitat potentials should be modified, this was explained and documented on form ff-4. The segments visited by members of the fish and channel team are listed in Table 2.

Fish distribution information for the various species and races of salmonids was obtained through WARIS and observations by local biologists and Washington Trout members. The most recent version of the Washington Dept. of Natural Resources (DNR) hydrology database was used to

identify fish-bearing streams. Other data were from 1992 DNR fish surveys in tributaries to Stossel and North Fork Creeks.

No detailed, quantitative measurements of habitat parameters were made during this assessment. Fine sediments in spawning gravels were not measured because of the likely presence of live coho eggs in the gravels. Pool area was not measured because a fair amount of existing information was available and because the observations of the fish team were generally confirmed by the channel team and others during synthesis.

## RESULTS

### Species Composition and Distribution

Historically, 14 fish species have been observed in the Tolt River basin (Williams et al. 1975, Stober et al. 1983). Native salmonids include steelhead (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*), cutthroat (*O. clarki*), coho (*O. kisutch*), chinook (*O. tshawytscha*), chum (*O. keta*), pink (*O. gorbuscha*), sockeye (*O. nerka*), mountain whitefish (*Prosopium williamsoni*), and possibly bull trout (*Salvelinus confluentus*). Non native eastern brook trout (*S. fontinalis*) have also been reported (Stober et al. 1983). Non salmonids include torrent sculpin (*Cottus rhotheus*), longnose dace (*Rhynichthys cataractae*), redside shiner (*Richardsonius balteatus*), and brook lamprey (*Lampetra richardsoni*; Washington Rivers Information System database 1992).

The known distribution of salmonids in the Tolt basin is displayed on the fish habitat basemap (map F-1). This map shows only fish-bearing streams. In general, salmon and whitefish are thought to penetrate no farther upstream than the canyon sections of the North and South Forks (segments 6 and 95-96, respectively). However, recent surveys by the Tulalip Tribes identified what are believed to be coho redds in the S. Fork above the canyon. Steelhead occur upstream as far as the natural anadromous barriers in both the N. Fork (segment 9) and S. Fork (segment 101). Some question remains as to the extent of overlap between summer and winter steelhead races. In the N. fork, winter steelhead are thought to ascend only slightly beyond the limit of salmon distribution. In the S. Fork, the canyon section may function today, or may have functioned in the past, to separate summer and winter steelhead races. It has been speculated that this barrier was eliminated after the S. Fork reservoir altered the flow regime. This hypothesis is being investigated by the City of Seattle. Above the anadromous barrier on the north fork, the Tolt is the domain of resident rainbow (Nawa 1992) and possibly cutthroat and bulltrout. The presence of bulltrout is based on an observation by Larry Kerr, past WDW regional fish biologist for the Tolt area, who remembers capturing a bulltrout in the vicinity of the confluence of Titicaca Cr. and the N. Fork mainstem. No further reports of bulltrout have been made. Above the anadromous barrier on the south fork, in North Fork Creek, and in Lynch Creek above the Pipeline Rd., resident cutthroat are the dominant, if not exclusive, salmonid species. Besides brook lampreys, no information on the distribution of non-salmonids was available.

### Fish Resource Summaries

The following summaries contain information on other aspects of the salmonid fish resources in the Tolt basin besides habitat conditions. They include information on management history, life history characteristics, and population data. They are intended to provide a portrait of the past, present, and potential future of populations of each species as context for interpreting the habitat assessments that follow. They are also included for consideration in the effectiveness monitoring component of Watershed Analysis. Note that for many species population trends cannot be accurately established with the available data.

### *Salmon Resource Description*

Historically, five species of salmon have been observed in the Tolt River Basin. Currently, summer/fall chinook and coho are the most prevalent species. Pink salmon were abundant in some years prior to the 1960s, while chum and sockeye are observed occasionally during mainstem and S. Fk. Tolt surveys. Chinook and pink salmon spawning occurs primarily in September and October, coho from mid-November through February (usually in tributaries and mainstem side channels), and chum in November and December. Little is known about the sockeye that are observed; they may be strays from other systems, an artifact of kokanee (landlocked sockeye) production in adjacent lake systems, or a race of sockeye that do not rear in a lake system. Coho juveniles reside in the Tolt Basin for one year after emerging from the gravel, chinook juveniles reside for three to six months before migrating seaward, and pink and chum juveniles leave freshwater immediately after emerging from the incubation gravel.

### *Salmon Management*

Since the early 1970s, all salmon species have been managed on a natural production basis in the Snohomish River Basin (which includes the Tolt sub-basin). Natural production management relies on the productive capacity of existing habitat, not fish culture facilities, to provide harvestable numbers of fish and the escapement (spawners) for future fish production. Fish escapement goals for the basin are, in part, based on estimated available production area (habitat) for the various species. Sport and commercial salmon harvest is actively managed to achieve escapement goals. Snohomish Basin fish are harvested in the ocean, the Strait of Juan de Fuca, Puget Sound, Snohomish estuary, and in freshwater. Escapement goals for the Snohomish Basin are: summer/fall chinook = 5,250; coho = 70,000; pink = 120,000; and chum = 28,000 for even numbered years, 10,200 for odd years. Spawner escapement to the Tolt River contributes to meeting these Basin goals. Habitat management objectives for this basin are no net loss of salmon habitat or its production capacity.

### *Hatchery Releases in Tolt*

Hatchery salmon were released into the Tolt Basin from 1950 to 1973 (Table 3). Chinook and coho from Issaquah, Skykomish, Green River, and Samish hatcheries were released in the mainstem Tolt, the South Fork on occasion, and in Stossel Creek. The chinook were released on but three occasions, as unfed fry, probably representing excess production at the hatchery. Coho fry, fingerlings, and yearlings (predominantly fingerlings) were released in Stossel Creek and the mainstem. For the last 20 years, all salmon produced in the Tolt were from natural production.

### *Spawning Ground Surveys*

Various portions of the Tolt River and Stossel Creek have been surveyed regularly for spawning chinook and coho since the early 1950s. Currently, there are two established spawning survey index reaches in the Tolt Basin, one for chinook on the mainstem Tolt (RM 0-6.0) and the other for coho on the East Fork of Stossel Creek (RM 0.0-0.3; also referred to in this assessment as "Index Creek"). Langlois Creek, once a tributary to the Tolt, also has a coho index reach. In addition, the Seattle Water Dept. began funding salmon surveys on the lower 8.2 miles of the South Fork Tolt in 1992. Index reaches were established to assist managers in determining if escapement goals are being met.

**Chinook** Historical chinook surveys were generally downstream of the North/South Fork confluence (RM 8.8) and included aerial, boat, and foot surveys. In some cases, only redds (salmon nests) were counted and during others, only fish enumerated, making data comparison somewhat difficult. In the late 1970s and throughout the 1980s, only aerial surveys of the lower 2 miles were conducted, providing limited information for the Tolt.

Tolt River chinook survey data has been reduced to a peak count fish/mile or redd/mile statistic in (Table 4) to provide a standard for comparison. Peak fish/mile counts ranged from 0 to over 60, the highest counts recorded in the 1950s. Contemporary counts range from 3.8-

7.2 fish/mile. The peak redd/mile counts range from 0 to over 30, but have generally been below 10 for the last 20 years of record. The records indicates a general downward trend in chinook in the Tolt Basin. The entire chinook survey record is provided in Table 5.

Coho We have a 40-year period of record for coho in the East Fork Stossel Creek (WRIA 07.0301), with fish/mile counts ranging from 0 to 1,995 (Table 4). Peak counts were generally in the 200-500 fish/mile range, except since 1987. With the exception of 1989, peak counts have been less than 25 in recent years. The occasional low count likely corresponded to years when access to the index area was blocked by beaver dams. The entire drainage is highly developed by beaver. It is not clear what has been impacting escapement for the last 6 years. This year, upstream passage appears to have been hindered by a high gradient reach at about RM 0.3. In 1989, adult passage was identified as a problem in the same reach and minor modifications (with hand equipment) to the channel were made, resulting good escapement to the index. The entire coho survey record is provided in Table 6.

Pink salmon were consistently observed in the Tolt mainstem during odd-numbered years through 1959. Peak fish/mile counts ranged from 0-313 (Table 4). A few pink salmon are occasionally observed during chinook surveys, but they are not enumerated.

Chum and Sockeye Chum are occasionally observed during chinook foot or raft surveys. In 1991, three chum were observed spawning in the South Fork. Sockeye have been consistently reported in the Tolt for many years. Little is known of their life history.

#### *Steelhead Resource Description*

Summer-run steelhead are thought to enter the Tolt system as early as the first of July, with the bulk of the fish entering in late August-early September (observations recorded by Stephen Conroy, angler and WA Trout member, in letter to R. Pfeiffer—see Pfeiffer 1990). Apparently, few fish hold in the mainstem, and instead move upstream to hold in the upper river (K. Beardslee, WA Trout, pers. comm.). Spawning occurs between March and June, with the peak in May (WDW spawner survey database). No discrimination is made between summer- and winter-run spawners during these surveys. Fry emerge between April and September (Stober et al. 1983). Juveniles remain in freshwater for approximately 2 years before seaward migration, and then spend 1-3 years at sea (Stober et al. 1983). Most fish return at an estimated average weight of 7 lbs, with a range between 2 and 14 lbs (Stephen Conroy, angler and WA Trout member, in letter to R. Pfeiffer—see Pfeiffer 1990).

Winter-run steelhead in the Tolt are less well described. Stream entry probably begins in December (R. Pfeiffer, WDW, pers. comm.). Spawning locations and timing may overlap summer steelhead where the two races co-occur. Scale samples from winter steelhead collected during angler surveys in 1981 (Stober et al. 1983) suggested that most winter steelhead return to freshwater after two summers at sea, whereas summer fish tended to remain afield for a third ocean growing season.

#### *Steelhead Management*

A variety of fishing regulations have been imposed on the Tolt River system for the past 48 years. The mainstem below the forks has generally been open to fishing for all months except for March-May (Pfeiffer 1990, his Appendix Table 6). Within this period, specific regulations have been in effect for summer (between June or July and sometime in November) and winter (typically December to March) seasons. Gear restrictions and daily catch limits probably fluctuated over the years, but no attempt was made to collect this information.

In the anadromous portions of the forks, regulations have been more restrictive. Complete closures were in effect between 1945 and 1975 (Pfeiffer 1990, his Appendix Table 6). From 1976-1991 the forks were opened to fishing under the same general regulations as the mainstem.

In 1992, in light of evidence of a decline in abundance of native summer steelhead gathered by Washington Trout, and with pressure from anglers, the Wildlife Department responded by re-closing the forks (Pfeiffer 1990). Today, the anadromous zones of both forks and their tributaries remain closed upstream of the USGS station on the mainstem. Wild steelhead release regulations are also presently in effect on the mainstem from June 1 to October 31 to protect summer-run adults en route to the forks.

#### *Hatchery Releases in the Tolt*

Hatchery-reared summer steelhead juveniles have been released into the Tolt system since 1959 (Pfeiffer 1990). These stocks originated from the Skamania and Skykomish hatcheries (Pfeiffer 1990). Prior to 1970, the only fish planted were fry and fingerlings introduced into Lynch Lake. The lake was chemically treated to remove all fish in 1958, and over the next decade, approximately 40,000 summer-run fry or fingerlings were stocked in hopes of producing smolts. Repeated failures eventually led to abortion of this project in 1968 (Pfeiffer 1990, his Appendix Tables 5 & 6). A naturally occurring parasite (Uzmann and Douglas 1966) was identified as a prominent source of mortality of these stocked fish. Apparently, native resident cutthroat presently survive in Lynch Lake despite the presence of this parasite (Pfeiffer 1990, his Appendix Table 6; Paul Olson, SWD, pers. comm.). After 1969, an average of approximately 23,000 smolts (range 0-50, 578) were released annually into the Tolt. No information on locations where the smolts were released was obtained during this assessment. Hatchery plants of summer-run fish were terminated altogether after 1989. Hatchery adults returning in 1993 should be the last fish from these direct introductions.

Hatchery winter-run fish from the Chambers Creek stock have been introduced into the Tolt since 1961 (Pfeiffer 1990, his Appendix Table 2). Approximately 24,000 smolts were released each year. Again, the release locations are not known. Winter-run hatchery fish continue to be released today.

#### *Spawning Ground Surveys*

The Washington Dept. of Wildlife has conducted spawner surveys in the Tolt since the early 1970s (Pfeiffer 1990, WDW unpublished databases). Fixed wing aircraft or helicopters were used prior to 1981, and foot surveys were used afterward. Surveys are conducted for all mainstem, and nearly all tributary spawnable habitat, from March 1 through mid-June. Surveys apparently do not extend upstream above segment 5 (based on rivermiles reported in WDW database). Total (summer- and winter-run) redd densities observed from 1982-1991 for the mainstem and from 1985-1991 for both forks are shown in Table 7. There were 19 redds per mile on average in the mainstem (range 4-32), 42 per mile (range 26-64) in the North Fork, and 14 per mile (range 6-17) in the South Fork. Densities fluctuated somewhat, but were fairly stable across years. According to WDW estimates for seeding levels, adequate seeding was achieved in 7 of 10 years in the mainstem, but was only achieved once in the N. Fork in 1991, and never in the S. Fork.

#### *Trends In Adult Returns*

Almost no historical run-size information is available for the Tolt's wild steelhead populations. Anecdotal information from various WDW biologists and from anglers was well summarized by Pfeiffer (1990). These accounts paint a blurry and sometimes conflicting picture of the historical size of native summer steelhead runs. Pfeiffer (1990) used WDW's habitat-based methodology to estimate that approximately 569 summer-run fish were once present (Lynch Creek system not included). No estimate of the historical winter-run population is available.

Available data suggest the Tolt's wild summer-run steelhead population is declining. Snorkel surveys of the complete anadromous zone since 1989 (Washington Trout, unpublished data), coupled with redd counts and sport catch data (Pfeiffer 1990), reveal a general decline in abundance of summer populations. Sport catch data for wild winter-run fish suggests this

population has also declined since the 1986-87 return year (Table 8). However, this decline in winter-run populations has been a coastwide phenomena (Cooper and Johnson 1992).

#### *Resident Trout Resource Description*

Little is known about the resident fish populations inhabiting the Tolt system. Numerous large (>15") cutthroat were observed during snorkel surveys in the N. F. canyon downstream of Yellow Creek (K. Beardslee, Wash. Trout, pers. comm.). Congleton et al. (1977) reported results on the size and age structure of cutthroat in the S. Fork reservoir.

#### *Resident Trout Management*

In the resident fish zones of the two forks, the Wildlife Department's standard trout season of June 1-October 31 has been in effect since 1955 (Pfeiffer 1990, his Appendix Table 6). These areas were closed prior to 1954. Current regulations require catch and release fishing with artificial flies or lures and single barbless hooks (WDW fishing regulations pamphlet 1992). The reservoir itself has always been closed to fishing.

#### *Hatchery Releases in the Tolt*

The stocking history for resident fish in the Tolt, if any, is not known. This information may be available but was not gathered during this assessment. Anecdotal information suggested rainbow trout were stocked in the North Fork resident zone at some time in the past (K. Beardslee, WA Trout, pers. comm.).

#### Habitat Assessments

This section describes current and potential future problem situations identified during the fish habitat assessment of the Tolt basin. The information is organized according to logical "pieces" of the basin that were pertinent to the species and life history stages addressed. Uncertainties and the overall confidence in conclusions drawn for each life history stage are discussed. During synthesis these problems and vulnerabilities were discussed relative to specific indicator areas, and within these areas the impacts to existing fish habitat from changes in inputs of coarse sediment, fine sediment, peak flows, LOD and riparian shade were identified. This information is incorporated into the resource assessment and causal mechanism reports (see *synthesis* section).

#### **UPSTREAM MIGRATION**

#### **Current Problem Areas**

There are several important blockages to upstream migration identified in the Tolt watershed. On the south fork, a natural waterfall forms a total barrier in segment 102 downstream of the reservoir dam (see fish distribution map F-1). On the north fork there is another natural waterfall forming a total passage barrier in segment 9. There is a potential flow barrier to salmon and winter steelhead in the south fork canyon (segments 95b-96). This barrier has not been confirmed and is currently being studied by the City of Seattle. Another hypothesized flow barrier to winter steelhead is formed by a series of cascades and low falls near the upstream end of segment 6 on the north fork. A bedrock chute near the bottom of segment 6 functions as a barrier to whitefish and salmon. Segment 29 at the entrance to North Fork Creek contains a natural waterfall that prevents anadromous fish from entering this tributary.

In Stossel Creek a high gradient cascade in segment 23 is considered a partial barrier to upstream migration. Segments 25 and 26 contain beaver dams that form partial barriers. Other beaver dams also have the potential to cause additional blocks to upstream migration.

The outlet to Spook Lake, where it flows across the mainstem floodplain below segment 88, has a debris blockage created by material deposited from a beaver dam blowout upstream.

A collapsed stringer bridge in segment 112 on Lynch creek functioned as a total upstream barrier until storm events in 1990 scoured the bed beneath the bridge allowing passage. This stringer bridge has the potential to block passage and should be removed. At present, perched culverts on the pipeline road crossings of Lynch and Crazy creeks block upstream passage. A beaver dam on the outlet to Lynch Lake is likely to be a passage barrier. Also, the shotgun culvert in segment 115 was nearly fully plugged.

Aggradation in the lower part of segment 64 on Dry Creek is filling a culvert and may become a block to upstream movement of resident cutthroat trout. Resident trout may also be blocked from entering segment 55 from the north fork due to serious aggradation from large cobbles and boulders which causes most of the flow to go sub-surface.

The culvert at the Yellow Creek road crossing in segment 43 is perched and prevents upstream movement of resident trout.

In the mainstem Tolt a lack of holding pools due to filling by coarse sediment has been identified as a concern.

### **Uncertainties**

Adult chinook and pink salmon are known to move upstream in response to increased flows. During synthesis it was hypothesized that the reduction in freshet flows due to water retention by the dam on the south fork of the Tolt may be causing a delay or decrease in upstream migration by chinook and pink salmon. However, this relationship has not been clearly documented or quantified, and the unregulated north fork and the area below the south fork dam still contribute to freshet flows in the mainstem.

### **Key Vulnerabilities**

Holding pools are important resting and staging areas for adult salmon migrating upstream. There must be adequate pools for fish to use en-route to upstream spawning areas. Adult salmonid spawners are vulnerable to further loss of pools through filling with coarse sediments.

Because of the limited number of holding areas and the relatively easy public access to them via the road network in the basin, adult salmonids are vulnerable to illegal harvest. Summer steelhead are particularly susceptible to this threat because of their prolonged freshwater residence prior to spawning.

Because many of the blockages were related to forest management (e.g., culverts, old bridges and debris) a mechanism to identify and remove existing and new management-related blockages would be a helpful means of reducing or eliminating these problems in the Tolt.

### **Confidence**

The fish habitat team visited all of the barriers identified in this assessment. Confidence is good that most of the major existing and potential barriers to anadromous fish and related habitat vulnerabilities have been identified. Improved fish distribution information would improve confidence that barriers to resident fish movement have been found.

## **SPAWNING HABITAT**

### **Current Problem Areas**

The levees along the mainstem channel have focused flows unnaturally. In addition, coarse sediments from upstream sources have aggraded the area. These effects have resulted in a situation where flows mobilize and eliminate spawning gravels from most of the channel except along the margins. Redds built in these areas are subject to dewatering if flows drop after spawning. Also, because the aggraded substrate is unstable, redds may be subject to scour or obliteration during flow events that otherwise would pose no threat to the incubating eggs.

Historical gravel mining operations near the mouth in segment 1 may have had a dramatic negative effect on spawning success of pinks and chums, and other mainstem spawners in those years.

The outlets to Spook and Angel Lake have been scoured to bedrock by dam break floods caused by beaver dam blowouts.

In Crazy Creek, segments 119-124 have been contaminated with high percentages of fines from landslides in the headwaters.

Limited amounts of spawning gravels for resident trout were observed in Phelps Creek (segments 134,135) above the reservoir, and in the wetted channel in aggraded segments 12a, 13, 15, 17, and 55.

Spawning habitat quantity sufficient to support historical numbers of all salmonid species using the south fork below the reservoir may be limited, owing to a combination of (1) reduced upstream inputs from interception by the reservoir, (2) limited sources within the area below the reservoir, and (3) lack of LOD to retain what is available.

### **Uncertainties**

The hypothesized mechanism for the observed lack of spawning gravels in the levied reach of the mainstem (segment 1) needs to be verified.

The suspected lack of adequate amounts of spawning gravel in the south fork above the reservoir needs to be confirmed. No information on fish spawning locations is available. The tributaries that enter the reservoir directly may provide some spawning habitat for resident trout at their mouths, but this has not been established. The delta area may also be used for spawning. However, rising water levels coincident with reservoir filling may submerge any redds constructed in this area and cause reduced spawning success.

Spawning habitat may be limited in the resident trout portion of the north fork, but this has not been established. The entire North and South Fork Tolt main channels lack in-channel LOD (see riparian summary) which functions to retain spawning gravels. Portions of the north fork above the anadromous barrier were visited by the fish team who observed very large substrate and a lack of spawning gravels. Pockets of spawning gravels may exist but there has been no work to verify this and the team assumed spawning habitat was limited.

The potential lack of spawning habitat in the south fork below the reservoir has also not been established. The hypothesized net export of spawning gravels may be offset by reduced transport capacity of the S. F. channel caused by the reservoirs effect on reducing peak flows.

For the resident trout portion of the north fork, the vulnerability to peak flows increases greatly if fall-spawning bulltrout are present. There has been one isolated report of bull trout occurring in

the north fork. Further work needs to be done to verify if bull trout are present in the Tolt system. Also, if fall-spawning salmon are introduced into Lynch Creek, or if they are found to occur in the south fork between the canyon and the anadromous barrier, vulnerability to peak flows would become a concern.

### Key Vulnerabilities

In general, lack of spawning gravels is not commonly limiting to salmonids in Pacific Northwest streams. However, spawning gravels are smaller than most of the substrate materials input into the Tolt system and are more likely to be washed downstream. LOD and other hydraulic controls function to retain these smaller gravels and create pockets of spawning substrate. The overall lack of LOD in the main Tolt system may be reducing the potential spawning habitat. In the lower mainstem, where gradients are naturally more moderate, levees prevent the force of floodflows from spreading across the floodplain and this causes unusual potential for loss of gravels in these areas. These situations heighten the vulnerability to loss of spawning gravels.

In some areas, fine sediments may potentially limit the production of salmonids. Low gradient depositional areas in Stossel Creek, Lynch Creek, and mainstem side channels or portions of tributaries that flow across the mainstem floodplain are the most vulnerable to contamination by fines.

Peak flows which scour gravels may disturb or destroy redds. After spawning, redds contain eggs or alevins and are vulnerable to scour for different periods depending on the species. Coho redds are generally vulnerable from mid-November to late April, chinook from mid-September to early March, steelhead from early December to June (summer-runs from mid-April to June), pinks from September to March, resident trout from April to June, and bull trout redds, if present, would be vulnerable from September to March. Moderations of peak flows on the south fork due to dam operations has reduced vulnerabilities to peak flow in the south fork.

Specific areas of vulnerability include, Stossel creek which has good habitat but is sensitive to its free-flowing (spawning) reaches being inundated by beaver ponds. There is evidence of fines accumulating in segment 141. Lynch Creek currently has good spawning substrate but the low gradient segments (segments 114, 115) would not recover quickly from a large input of fines. Low gradient depositional segments elsewhere in the basin are the most sensitive to fines.

The outlet stream to Moss Lake is vulnerable to the same type of dam-break flood as occurred in Spook and Angel Lake outlets. Also, if beavers build dams near to the slope break at the upstream boundary of segment 23, a similar catastrophic event could occur if the dams ever fail.

### Confidence

The mainstem has been extensively studied by King County. During Watershed Analysis the fish team was able to visit segments 1, 2 & 3 and confidence is good that the habitat has been properly evaluated in this analysis.

The south fork below the reservoir has been extensively studied by Ebasco (1992), spawning gravel availability and condition has been well documented and confidence in the habitat rating is good.

A Stossel Creek tributary has been used as an index area for coho by WDF for over 40 years. The mainstem and south fork of the Tolt are indicator areas for chinook. In addition, Dry Creek, Lynch Creek and Crazy Creek were all visited by the fish team. Confidence is good for the habitat ratings on the low gradient indicator areas and these creeks.

Portions of the north fork Canyon were visited by the fish team and confidence is fair for the spawning habitat rating given to this reach. No spawning habitat information is available for North Fork Creek, and this tributary was not visited, so confidence in the habitat ratings is low.

The remainder of the indicator areas are above the anadromous barriers and less research has been done on the availability and condition of resident trout spawning habitat in these areas. The habitat ratings were generally based on the default calls which are designed to be conservative, but there was little field verification and confidence is low.

### **SUMMER REARING**

#### **Problem Areas**

The fish team visited all segments on the mainstem and felt pool habitat is limited in this area. Field Reconnaissance also found most of the north fork above segment 11, Crazy Creek, Phelps Creek, segment 103 and depositional fans at the mouths of tributaries to the north fork (especially segments 55, 63, and 64 have limited pool habitat).

Surveys by Washington Trout have observed low juvenile populations and limited pool habitat in the south fork between segment 142 and 100, and below the canyon (segments 93-94). Pool habitat is also limited in segments 97-99 but data from Washington trout and WDW suggest there are high densities of juvenile steelhead. The large cobble and boulder substrate appears to provide pocket pools suitable for juvenile rearing.

Side channel habitat for winter rearing of juvenile salmon is limited in much of the system, especially the south fork and in the levied sections of segments 1 and 2 in the mainstem.

#### **Uncertainties**

Temperature has not been closely monitored in the basin, and there are several areas that have potential temperature problems (see riparian assessment results). Pool habitat in most of Stossel Creek is plentiful, however summer temperatures in beaver pond reaches may be a problem and should be monitored. The rearing habitat in Lynch Creek (segments 114-116) is excellent although the influence of Lynch lake on temperature is unclear. Finally dam releases can impact water temperatures immediately below the dam. The downstream extent of this influence is uncertain and impacts are thought to diminish within a short distance below the dam. Monitoring would help to resolve some of these uncertainties.

Research sponsored by the Seattle Water Dept. indicated the reservoir provides good rearing habitat for +1 and older cutthroat (Congleton et al. 1977). The status of rearing habitat for underyearlings in the basin above the dam is uncertain.

#### **Key Vulnerabilities**

Pools throughout the system are vulnerable to filling with coarse and fine sediments.

LOD is critical to pool development and is extremely limited in most of the basin.

Rearing fish may be particularly vulnerable to high temperature in the mainstem, parts of Stossel Creek, North Fork Creek, Lynch Creek below Lynch Lake, north bank tributaries to the lower North Fork and below the south fork dam. Monitoring would help clarify whether problems presently exist.

## **Confidence**

Generally, where the fish team visited segments, the confidence in summer rearing condition ratings is good. Elsewhere, confidence is somewhat lower, and we relied on the fairly conservative default rating system. Our confidence was lowest when rating potential and existing conditions for rearing habitat in the entire North Fork Creek drainage, Yellow Creek, the north bank tributaries to the reservoir (potentially fish-bearing), segments 58, 65, 132 and Titicaed Creek.

The methodology does not adequately address the use of pocket pools by rearing juvenile steelhead. Observed high fish densities contradicts the rating of poor habitat conditions based on the percentage pool habitat measured by EBASCO (1992). Until this type of habitat can be better quantified, the confidence in rating present relative to potential rearing habitat conditions for steelhead is low. However, this does not affect the high confidence in the call on the vulnerability of the habitat to coarse sediment deposition.

## **WINTER REARING**

### **Problem Areas**

There are limited side channels and off channel rearing areas (e.g., ponds, spring-fed creeks, low gradient tributaries, etc.) that provide refuge, especially for coho, during winter high flows in the mainstem and elsewhere in the basin. Pool forming, in-channel LOD is also limited in the basin.

Gasketing of cobbles by fine sediments has degraded winter rearing habitat for steelhead and cutthroat in segment 4 of the north fork. The north fork above the anadromous barrier has cobble habitat but limited off-channel refuge. There are no side channels.

### **Uncertainties**

Salmon (especially coho) off-channel winter habitat below the south fork canyon (segments 93 & 94) is limited to a few backwater areas and side channels. Some side channels surveyed by the channel team appeared be aggraded and may not carry enough water during winter to provide rearing habitat.

Where clean cobble habitat occurs, if the streambed is unstable from aggradation, these areas may be prone to movement which would reduce the functionality for winter habitat.

Reduction of flushing flows in the south fork may have reduced the availability of side channel habitat. The same reduction of flows may have reduced the need for winter refuge. The interrelationships between these factors and the relative impact on winter rearing habitat conditions are currently unclear.

### **Key Vulnerabilities**

The key vulnerability of winter rearing habitat is loss of refuge from high winter flows. The filling of pools with coarse and fine sediments, and the aggradation and blockage of side channels reduce available refuge areas. LOD functioning to form deep pools also provides refuge, but is in short supply in the basin.

Specific problem areas in the basin include the levied reaches of the mainstem, where the channel is aggraded, pools have filled, and concentrated flows are likely to scour the streambed between the levees.

The lower reach of Lynch Creek (lower section of segment 112) may be an important winter rearing area for fish from the south fork. This area is sensitive to filling of pools with coarse and fine sediments. The gorge above the trestle in Lynch Cr. (segment 116) is deeply incised and may be sensitive to failure. If this occurs and the materials are not trapped in the low gradient depositional segments downstream, they could impact segment 112 with coarse and fine sediments.

### **Confidence**

Confidence is lower for evaluations of the habitat conditions at this life history stage due to a lack of definitive criteria on what constitutes winter rearing habitat. Despite some knowledge gaps, we know that lack of side channels or off-channel areas in salmon streams is a strong indicator of an absence of winter habitat. Resident trout and steelhead are known to burrow into the substrate during cold weather, and so they are sensitive to (1) blocked access to the interstitial spaces between cobbles, or (2) being pulverized if they are in the gravel when the bed becomes mobile. The fish team visited most of the segments used by salmon, and witnessed first hand the lack of off-channel rearing areas and the condition of cobble habitat, so the confidence on calls on existing conditions for these areas is good. The same is true for the south fork below the reservoir. Confidence is lower for the resident fish zone because reconnaissance was limited.

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Table 1. List of stream response segments for the Tolt River Watershed. Confinement codes are: UC = unconfined, LC = loosely confined, MC = moderately confined, and TC= tightly confined. See channel module section of Watershed Analysis Manual for definitions and details.

STREAM	SEG. #	GRADIENT (%)	CONFINEMENT
Tolt R. mainstem	1	<1	UC
Tolt R. mainstem	2	<1	LC
Tolt R. mainstem	3	1-2	TC
North Fk. Tolt	4	2-4	TC
North Fk. Tolt	5	1-2	TC
North Fk. Tolt	6	2-4	TC
North Fk. Tolt	7	1-2	TC
North Fk. Tolt	8	4-6	TC
North Fk. Tolt	9	6-17	TC
North Fk. Tolt	10	2-4	TC
North Fk. Tolt	11	1-2	TC
North Fk. Tolt	12	<1	MC
North Fk. Tolt	13	<1	LC
North Fk. Tolt	14	1-2	TC
North Fk. Tolt	15	1-2	MC
North Fk. Tolt	16	2-4	MC
North Fk. Tolt	17	1-2	LC
North Fk. Tolt	18	2-4	TC
North Fk. Tolt	19	2-4	MC
North Fk. Tolt	20	4-6	TC
North Fk. Tolt	21	6-17	TC
North Fk. Tolt	22	>17	TC
Stossel Creek	23	4-6	TC
Stossel Creek	24	1-2	TC
Stossel Creek	25	<1	UC
Stossel Creek	26	1-2	MC
Stossel Creek	27	1-2	TC
Stossel Creek	28	<1	LC
North Fork Creek	29	6-17	TC
North Fork Creek	30	1-2	TC
North Fork Creek	31	1-2	MC
North Fork Creek	32	<1	MC
North Fork Creek	33	4-6	TC
N1 - N. Fk. Cr trib	34	6-17	TC
N1 - N. Fk. Cr trib	35	2-4	MC
N1 - N. Fk. Cr trib	36	6-17	TC
N1 - N. Fk. Cr trib	37	>17	TC
N2 - N. Fk. Cr trib	38	6-17	TC
N2 - N. Fk. Cr trib	39	1-2	TC
N2 - N. Fk. Cr trib	40	2-4	MC
N2 - N. Fk. Cr trib	41	4-6	TC
N2 - N. Fk. Cr trib	42	>17	TC
Yellow Creek	43	6-17	TC
Yellow Creek	44	4-6	TC
Yellow Creek	45	6-17	TC
Yellow Creek	46	4-6	MC

Table 1, continued

N3 - N. Fk. Cr trib	47	6-17	TC
N3 - N. Fk. Cr trib	48	>17	TC
N3 - N. Fk. Cr trib	49	2-4	TC
N3 - N. Fk. Cr trib	50	1-2	TC
N4 - N. Fk. Cr trib	51	6-17	TC
N4 - N. Fk. Cr trib	52	>17	TC
N4 - N. Fk. Cr trib	53	6-17	TC
N4 - N. Fk. Cr trib	54	2-4	MC
N5 - N. Fk. Cr trib	55	1-2	MC
N5 - N. Fk. Cr trib	56	4-6	TC
N6 - N5 trib	57	4-6	TC
N7 - N. Fk. Cr trib	58	>17	TC
N8 - N6 trib	59	>17	TC
N8 - N6 trib	60	6-17	TC
N8 - N6 trib	61	>17	TC
N9 - N6 trib	62	>17	TC
Dry Creek	63	1-2	LC
Dry Creek	64	1-2	MC
N10 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	65	4-6	MC
N10 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	66	6-17	TC
N10 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	67	>17	TC
Titicaca Creek	68	6-17	TC
Titicaca Creek	69	2-4	MC
Titicaca Creek	70	6-17	TC
Titicaca Creek	71	>17	TC
Titicaca Creek	72	>17	TC
Holoman Creek	73	4-6	MC
Holoman Creek	74	>17	TC
N11 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	75	6-17	MC
N11 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	76	>17	TC
N12 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	77	6-17	MC
N12 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	78	>17	TC
N13 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	79	6-17	MC
N13 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	80	>17	TC
N13 - N. Fk. Tolt trib	81	6-17	TC
Titicaed Creek	82	6-17	TC
Titicaed Creek	83	2-4	TC
Titicaed Creek	84	>17	TC
N14 - Titicaed trib	85	>17	TC
N15 - Titicaed trib	86	>17	TC
N16 - TN. Fk. Tolt trib	87	6-17	TC
M1 - mainstem trib	88	6-17	TC
M1 - mainstem trib	89	2-4	MC
M2 - mainstem trib	90	<1	LC
M2 - mainstem trib	91	6-17	MC
M2 - mainstem trib	92	>17	TC
South Fk. Tolt	93	1-2	MC
South Fk. Tolt	94	2-4	MC
South Fk. Tolt	95	2-4	TC
South Fk. Tolt	96	6-17	TC
South Fk. Tolt	97	1-2	MC
South Fk. Tolt	98	2-4	TC
South Fk. Tolt	99	1-2	MC

Table 1, continued

South Fk. Tolt	100	2-4	TC
South Fk. Tolt	101	4-6	TC
South Fk. Tolt	102	2-4	MC
South Fk. Tolt	103	1-2	LC
South Fk. Tolt	104	2-4	MC
South Fk. Tolt	105	1-2	MC
South Fk. Tolt	106	2-4	MC
South Fk. Tolt	107	6-17	TC
South Fk. Tolt	108	4-6	MC
South Fk. Tolt	109	<1	LC
South Fk. Tolt	110	4-6	MC
South Fk. Tolt	111	>17	TC
Lynch Creek	112	4-6	TC
Lynch Creek	113	1-2	MC
Lynch Creek	114	<1	UC
Lynch Creek	115	1-2	TC
Lynch Creek	116	<1	UC
Lynch Creek	117	1-2	MC
S1 - Lynch Cr trib	118	2-4	TC
S1 - Lynch Cr trib	119	<1	LC
S1 - Lynch Cr trib	120	1-2	MC
S1 - Lynch Cr trib	121	2-4	MC
S1 - Lynch Cr trib	122	>17	TC
S2 - S1 trib	123	2-4	MC
S2 - S1 trib	124	>17	TC
S3 - Lynch Cr trib	125	1-2	MC
S4 - S. Fk. trib	126	>17	TC
S4 - S. Fk. trib	127	1-2	LC
S5 - reservoir trib	128	6-17	TC
S6 - reservoir trib	129	6-17	TC
S7 - reservoir trib	130	6-17	MC
S7 - reservoir trib	131	>17	TC
S8 - reservoir trib	132	4-6	MC
S8 - reservoir trib	133	6-17	TC
Phelps Creek	134	1-2	MC
Phelps Creek	135	2-4	MC
S9 - S. Fk. trib	136	>17	TC
S9 - S. Fk. trib	137	6-17	TC
Moss Creek	138	1-2	LC
Moss Creek	139	4-6	TC
Moss Creek	140	1-2	MC
Index Creek	141	1-2	MC
South Fk. Tolt	142	1-2	MC
South Fk. Tolt	143	2-4	MC
Stossel Creek	144	2-4	MC
S10 - reservoir trib	145	>17	TC
S10 - reservoir trib	146	6-17	TC
S11 - reservoir trib	147	6-17	TC
S11 - reservoir trib	148	>17	TC
S12 - reservoir trib	149	6-17	TC
S12 - reservoir trib	150	>17	TC
S13 - reservoir trib	151	6-17	TC
S13 - reservoir trib	152	>17	TC

Table 1, continued

S14 - reservoir trib	153	6-17	TC
S14 - reservoir trib	154	>17	TC
S15 - South Fk. trib	155	6-17	TC
S15 - South Fk. trib	156	>17	TC
S16 - South Fk. trib	157	2-4	MC
S16 - South Fk. trib	158	>17	TC
S17 - South Fk. trib	159	2-4	MC
S17 - South Fk. trib	160	>17	TC
N17 - North Fk. trib	161	>17	TC
N17 - North Fk. trib	162	4-6	MC
N18 - North Fk. trib	163	4-6	MC
N18 - North Fk. trib	164	>17	TC
N19 - North Fk. trib	165	4-6	MC
N19 - North Fk. trib	166	>17	TC

Table 2. Summary of segments visited by fish or channel team members during or prior to the Tolt Watershed Analysis.

Indicator Area	Total # of segments in area	Segments visited by Fish Team	Segments visited by Channel Team	Segments Previously visited (dates)
Mainstem Tolt	3	1,2,3	1,3	1,2,3
North Fork Canyon	8	4,5		4,5,7,8,9,10,11
North Fork Braided Reaches	4	12b,15,17	15	13
Moderate Gradient Chutes	5	12a,18	5,6,11	12a,16
Low Gradient Tributaries, without Beaver	14	30,88,90, 103,141	103,141	
Low Gradient Tributaries, with Beaver	12	23,24,25,26,27,28,138, 144		
North Fork above Titicaed	4			19,20
Steep tributaries draining convergent topography	28	68	68	
Moderate gradient North Fork tributaries	16	55,56		
South Fork below Reservoir	11	93,94,97,98,99,100	94,95,100	93,95,96, 100,101,142
South Fork Reservoir and tributaries	36		134	
Dry Creek	2	63,64	63,64	
Lynch Creek & Crazy Creek	14	112,113,114,115,116, 117,119,120,121,123	119,122,124	112,113

Table 3. Summary of hatchery releases of salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1950-1973. Data from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files.

HATCHERY	BROOD	SPECIES	CLASS	STOCK	NUMBER RELEASED	POUNDS RELEASED
ISSAQAH	50	COHO	YEARLING	ISSAQAH	39,927	945
	51	COHO	YEARLING	ISSAQAH	42,521	671
	52	COHO	FINGERLING	ISSAQAH	40,005	889
	53	COHO	FINGERLING	GREEN RIVER	75,650	1,513
	54	COHO	FINGERLING	ISSAQAH	65,172	1,051
	55	COHO	FINGERLING	SAHISH	29,955	405
					-----	-----
		TOTAL			293,230	5,474
GREEN RIVER	56	FALL CHIN	UNFED-FRY	GREEN RIVER	750,000	750
					750,000	750
		TOTAL				
ISSAQAH	56	COHO	FINGERLING	GREEN RIVER	60,069	1,077
	57	COHO	FINGERLING	ISSAQAH	11,070	190
	59	FALL CHIN	FINGERLING	ISSAQAH	304,160	687
	58	COHO	FINGERLING	SKYKOMISH	38,982	684
	58	COHO	FINGERLING	GREEN RIVER	20,864	326
	59	COHO	FINGERLING	SKYKOMISH	102,886	1,791
					-----	-----
		TOTAL			538,031	4,755
GREEN RIVER	60	COHO	FINGERLING	SKYKOMISH	102,720	107
					102,720	107
		TOTAL				
ISSAQAH	63	COHO	FINGERLING	ISSAQAH	161,450	4,765
	63	COHO	YEARLING	ISSAQAH	18,772	494
	64	COHO	FINGERLING	ISSAQAH	87,108	3,111
	67	COHO	UNFED-FRY	ISSAQAH	152,520	123
	69	COHO	UNFED-FRY	ISSAQAH	90,916	68
					-----	-----
		TOTAL			510,766	8,561
SKYKOMISH	70	FALL CHIN	UNFED-FRY	SKYKOMISH	161,000	169
					161,000	169
		TOTAL				
ISSAQAH	69	COHO	YEARLING	GREEN RIVER	33,000	1,500
	70	COHO	YEARLING	ISSAQAH	31,500	1,500
					-----	-----
		TOTAL			64,500	3,000
GREEN RIVER	73	FALL CHIN	UNFED-FRY	ISSAQAH	450,000	450
					450,000	450
		TOTAL				

Table 4. Summary of spawning ground surveys for chinook and coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1945-1992. The summary is based on yearly peak counts (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

**TOLT RIVER SPAWNER SURVEY SUMMARY  
BASED ON YEARLY PEAK COUNTS**

Date	RM	CHINOOK		RM	COHO		PINK Fish/Mi
		Fish/Mi	Redd/Mi		Fish/Mi	Redd/Mi	
1945							313.3
1947	0-1.1	1.8					
1949							0
1952	0-1.1	60.9		0-0.2	1995		
1953	0.6-3.1	21.8		0-0.2	100		608
1954	0-3.0	61.6	6.7				
1955	0.6-2.5	51.5		0-0.2	200		4.2
1956	0-8.8	47.1	5.3	0-0.2	190		
1957	0-1.6	54.3	30.6	0-0.2	190		120.6
1958	0-3.1	5.4	0	0-0.2	350		
1959				0-0.2	445		45
1960	0-8.8		2.4	0-0.2	230		
1961				0-0.2	0		
1962	0-8.8		0	0-0.2	550		
1963				0-0.2	60		
1964	0-4.1	9.0	2.8	0-0.2	330		
1965	0-1.1	2.7		0-0.2	0		
1966				0-0.2	740		
1967	0-6.0		0	0-0.2	145		
1968				0-0.2	5		
1969				0-0.2	0		
1970				0-0.2	215		
1971	0-8.8		3.1	0-0.2	50		
1972	0-8.8		1.0	0-0.2	125		

Table 4. Summary of spawning ground surveys for chinook and coho salmon in the Tolt  
 (Continued) River watershed, 1945-1992. The summary is based on yearly peak counts  
 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

Date	CHINOOK		COHO		PINK	
	RM	Fish/Mi	Redd/Mi	RM	Fish/Mi	Fish/Mi
1973	0-5.5		1.9	0-0.2	75	
1974	0-6.0		4.3	0-0.2	185	
1975	0-6.0		1.3	0-0.2	85	
1976	0-8.4		0	0-0.2	545	
1977	0-2.0		8	0-0.3	390	
1978	0-2.0		7	0-0.2	110	
1979	0-2.0		2	0-0.3	753	
1980	0-2.0		2	0-0.3	590	
1981	0-2.0		1	0-0.3	216	
1982	0-2.0		2.5	0-0.3	230	
1983	0-2.0		5.5	0-0.3	280	
1984	0-2.0		4.0	0-0.5	150	
1985	0-2.0		6.0	0-0.5	196	
1986	0-2.2		5.5	0-0.5	360	
1987	0-2.2		1.8	0-0.5	0	
1988				0-0.5	16	
1989	0-8.8	5.7	12.4	0-0.5	376	
1990	0-5.7	7.2	3.5	0-0.5	22	
1991	0-6.0	3.8	4.8	0-0.5	16	
1992	0-6.1	4.2	4.8			

# Chinook

R21RE MASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES  
SALMON SPawning GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

12/02/92

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Table 5. Complete record of spawner surveys for chinook salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

1) Spawning may occur in late Oct when no survey info  
2) Actual Survey not year indicated & trend not figured in  
3) Grand Chinn - did not show results well

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR	RIVER MO HILE	LNGLTH MILE	SPEC COUNT	LIVE COUNT	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	NAME	COUNT PER MILE	CENT COUNT	REDD COUNT	TYPE	OTHER	COMMENTS	SURVEY SPECIES						
																1	2	3	G	C	D	Y
																SEEN	FOOT	3	4	0	0	22
TOLT R. CONT. AS N.F. TOLT R. 3 R.M. 0.01	07 0291	47/10/07	0.0	1.1	1.1 FALL	2	0	2								SUPP	FOOT	4	0	0	0	22
	07 0291	52/10/30	0.0	1.1	1.1 FALL	16	51	67	60.9	1						SUPP	FOOT	4	0	0	0	22
07 0291 53/09/23	0.0	1.1	1.1 SUM	17	7	24	21.6	1							SUPP	FOOT	3	0	0	0	20	
07 0291 52/10/07	0.6	3.1	2.5 FALL	179	6	185	74.0	1							SUPP	BOAT	3	0	0	0	20	
07 0291 54/09/30	0.0	3.0	3.0 SUM	168	17	185	61.7	1							B9	SUPP	BOAT	20	61			
07 0291 54/10/02	0.0	8.8	8.8 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							AERO	BOAT	20	61				
07 0291 54/10/08	0.0	3.0	3.0 FALL	83	86	169	56.3	1							SUPP	BOAT	23	60	61			
07 0291 55/10/17	0.6	2.6	1.9 FALL	84	14	98	51.6	1							SUPP	BOAT	3	0	0	0	26	
07 0291 56/10/05	0.0	3.1	3.1 FALL	143	3	146	47.1	1							SUPP	BOAT	4	0	0	0	20	
07 0291 56/10/05	0.0	8.8	8.8 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							42	SUPP	AERO	20	61			
07 0291 57/10/06	0.0	8.8	8.8 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							269	SUPP	AERO	3	0	0	0	61
07 0291 57/10/09	0.0	1.6	1.6 FALL	79	8	87	54.4	1							SUPP	BOAT	3	0	0	0	20	
07 0291 58/10/14	0.0	3.1	3.1 FALL	16	1	17	5.5	1							SUPP	BOAT	4	0	0	0	22	
07 0291 59/10/17	0.0	8.8	8.8 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							0	SUPP	AERO					
07 0291 60/10/18	0.0	8.8	8.8 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							21	SUPP	AERO	60				
07 0291 62/10/16	0.0	8.8	8.8 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							0	SUPP	AERO					
07 0291 64/10/13	0.0	0.0	0.0 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							25	SUPP	AERO	60				
07 0291 64/10/20	0.0	1.1	1.1 FALL	8	8	16	14.5	1							SUPP	FOOT	21					
07 0291 64/10/20	1.1	4.1	3.0 FALL	4	17	21	7.0	1							SUPP	BOAT	21	60				
07 0291 65/10/27	0.0	1.1	1.1 FALL	1	2	3	2.7	1							SUPP	FOOT	3	0	0	0	22	
07 0291 67/10/17	0.0	6.0	6.0 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							SUPP	AERO	3	0	0	0	60	
07 0291 71/10/11	0.0	8.8	8.8 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							27	SUPP	AERO	3	0	0	0	20
07 0291 71/10/18	0.0	0.0	0.0 FALL	0	0	0	0.0	1							SPOT	FOOT	23	60				
07 0291 72/10/06	0.0	8.8	8.8 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							9	SUPP	AERO	20				
07 0291 73/10/16	0.0	5.4	5.4 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							10	SUPP	AERO					
07 0291 74/09/11	0.0	6.0	6.0 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							1	INDX	AERO	20	33			
07 0291 74/10/30	0.0	6.0	6.0 FALL	NC	NC	0.0	0.0	1							85	'26	INDX	HELI	23	33	61	

## SALMON SPawning GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 5. Complete record of spawner surveys for chinook salmon in the Tolt River  
 (continued) watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR	RIVER MO	RIVER DY	LNGTH MILE	SPEC NAME	LIVE COUNT	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH PER MILE	SPeCIES CODE	REDD TYPE	CENT COUNT	SURVEY SPECIES	COMMENTS	AC	
																G0	
																	C0
																	D
																	E
07 0291	TOLT R. CONT. AS N.F.	74/10/30	6.0	8.7	2.7	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	80	0	SUPP	HELI	(CONT'D)	23 33
07 0291	75/09/23	0.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	99	0	INDX	AERO	20	61
07 0291	75/10/14	0.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	95	0	INDX	AERO	20	23
07 0291	75/10/24	0.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	50	0	INDX	AERO	22	60
07 0291	76/10/07	0.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	99	0	INDX	AERO	22	61
07 0291	76/10/21	0.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	70	0	SUPP	AERO	22	61
07 0291	76/10/21	0.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	70	0	SUPP	AERO	22	61
07 0291	76/10/21	6.0	8.8	8.8	8.8	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	0	0	INDX	AERO	25	60
07 0291	76/10/29	0.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	95	1	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	77/10/07	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	77/10/14	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	95	16	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	77/10/21	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	95	1	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	77/10/28	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	25	0	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	78/09/12	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	23	60
07 0291	78/09/19	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	23	60
07 0291	78/09/26	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	79/10/03	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	79/10/10	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	79/10/25	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	80/09/10	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	95	0	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	80/09/17	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	80/09/24	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	80/09/26	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	80/10/02	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20	33 60
07 0291	80/10/08	0.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	80/10/15	0.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	3	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	80/10/24	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	4	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	80/10/29	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	2	INDX	2	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	80/11/05	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	81/09/30	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	81/10/12	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	81/10/20	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20	60
07 0291	81/10/29	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	FALL	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20	60

Table 5. Complete record of spawner surveys for chinook salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files). (continued)

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR	RIVER MD	LNGTH MILE	SPEC NAME	LIVE COUNT	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH PER MILE	SPECIES CODE	PER CENT COUNT	REDD TYPE	TYPE	OTHER COMMENTS	AC SEEN	GO SEEN	CD SEEN	YE	
															0	1	2	3	
(CONT'D)																			
07 0291	01/11/04	AS N.F.	TOLT R.	3	R.M.	8.81				NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	01/11/10	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	2	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	01/11/25	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	2	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	02/09/21	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	02/10/04	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	2	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	02/10/14	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	4	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	02/10/19	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	5	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	02/11/02	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	85	2	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	02/11/06	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	3	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	03/09/14	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	03/09/21	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	1	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	03/09/28	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	3	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	03/10/05	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	6	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	03/10/13	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	11	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	03/10/26	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	5	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	04/09/12	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	95	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	04/09/26	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	95	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	04/10/04	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	95	6	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	04/10/17	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	6	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	05/09/17	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	95	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	05/09/24	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	95	4	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	05/10/01	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	95	9	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	05/10/06	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	12	INDX	AERO	20	60	
07 0291	05/10/15	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	.	INDX	AERO	38	39	
07 0291	05/10/22	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	12	INDX	AERO	28	39	
07 0291	05/10/29	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	99	1	INDX	AERO	38	39	
07 0291	05/11/05	0.0	2.0	2.0	FALL					NC	0.0	1	95	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	06/09/16	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	99	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	06/10/07	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	99	3	INDX	AERO	3	0	20
07 0291	06/10/14	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	6	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	06/10/24	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	99	12	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	06/11/10	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	99	1	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	07/09/15	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	99	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	07/09/22	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	99	0	INDX	AERO	3	0	20
07 0291	07/09/29	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	99	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	07/10/06	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	99	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	07/10/12	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	07/10/16	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	07/10/24	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291	07/10/24	0.0	2.2	2.2	FALL					NC	0.0	1	90	0	INDX	AERO	20		

## SALMON SPANNING GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR	RIVER MO	LNTH HILE	SPEC NAME	LIVE COUNT	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH PER MILE	SPECIES CODE	PER CENT SEEN	REDD TYPE	OTHER TYPE	SURVEY SPECIES	COMMENTS			
															A C	G O	C D	Y E
TOLT R. CONT. AS N.F. TOLT R. 3 R.M. 0.61																		
07 0291 87/11/02 0.0 2.2 2.2 FALL					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	4	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291 89/09/22 0.0 2.0 2.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	2	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291 89/09/26 0.0 2.0 2.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	2	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291 89/10/02 0.0 2.0 2.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	85	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291 89/10/05 0.0 2.0 2.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	2	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291 89/10/05 0.0 2.0 2.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	80	6	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291 89/10/16 0.0 2.0 2.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	70	1	FOOT	FOOT	24		
07 0291 89/10/25 0.0 2.8 2.8 FALL					16	4	20	7.1	1	37	1	60	1	FOOT	FOOT	23		
07 0291 89/10/25 2.8 5.7 5.7 FALL					24	1	25	8.6	1	31	1	60	1	FOOT	FOOT	23	33	
07 0291 89/10/25 5.7 6.6 3.1 FALL					3	2	5	1.6	1	70	1	60	1	(CONT'D)				
07 0291 90/09/19 0.0 6.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	95	0	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291 90/09/26 0.0 6.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	4	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291 90/10/05 0.0 6.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	90	4	INDX	AERO	20		
07 0291 90/10/10 0.0 6.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	63	20	SUPP	RAFT	26	33	60
07 0291 90/10/24 0.0 6.7 5.7 CHIN					37	4	41	7.2	1	63	1	60	29	SUPP	RAFT	21	32	60
07 0291 91/10/24 0.0 6.0 6.0 CHIN					17	6	23	3.8	1	60	1	65	0	SUPP	AERO	57		
07 0291 92/09/16 0.0 6.0 6.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	75	0	SUPP	AERO	60	57	
07 0291 92/09/23 0.0 6.0 6.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	50	0	SUPP	AERO	20		
07 0291 92/10/01 0.0 6.0 6.0 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	70	0	SUPP	AERO	23	32	
07 0291 92/10/07 0.0 6.0 6.0 CHIN					21	5	26	4.3	1	75	1	80	14	INDX	AERO			
07 0291 92/10/13 0.0 6.1 6.1 CHIN					NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.0	1	60	16	SUPP	FOOT	23	33	60
07 0291 92/10/14 0.0 6.0 6.0 CHIN					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SHIM	0	12	23	60
SOUTH FORK TOLT RIVER (LB)																		
07 0302 86/10/06 0.2 2.7 2.5 FALL					22	1	23	2.2	1	95	1	60	16	SUPP	FOOT	11	23	60
07 0302 86/10/06 2.5 4.0 1.5 FALL					0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	40	0	SUPP	FOOT	23	31	60
07 0302 91/09/26 0.0 1.6 1.6 SUM					0	0	3	2.5	1	35	5	0	0	SUPP	FOOT	23	32	60
07 0302 91/10/17 0.0 1.6 1.6 SUM					0	0	0	0.0	1	45	0	0	0	SUPP	FOOT	23	32	60
07 0302 91/10/17 3.3 6.8 3.5 SUM					0	0	0	0.0	1	45	0	0	1	SUPP	FOOT	23	34	60
07 0302 91/10/17 6.8 6.2 1.4 SUM					0	0	0	0.0	1	30	3	0	0	SUPP	FOOT	23	31	60
07 0302 91/10/18 0.0 1.6 1.6 SUM					0	0	0	0.0	1	35	0	0	1	SUPP	FOOT	23	31	60
07 0302 91/10/26 3.3 6.8 3.5 SUM					0	0	0	0.0	1	35	0	0	1	SUPP	FOOT	23	30	60
07 0302 91/10/28 6.8 6.2 1.4 SUM					0	0	0	0.0	1	35	0	0	1	SUPP	FOOT	23	31	60
07 0302 91/10/29 6.8 6.2 1.4 SUM					0	0	0	0.0	1	35	0	0	1	SUPP	FOOT	23	30	60
GRiffin CREEK (RB)																		
07 0364 45/10/25 0.0 0.0 FALL					2	0	2	0.0	1	SPOT						3400	60	65
07 0364 46/10/01 0.7 0.9 0.2 FALL					0	0	0	0.0	1	SUPP						FOOT	20	
07 0364 49/09/15 0.0 0.7 0.7 SUM					0	0	0	0.0	1	SUPP						FOOT	FOOT	3400
07 0364 51/10/26 0.0 0.7 0.7 FALL					4	0	4	0.7	1	SUPP								

## SALMON SPANNING GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE	RIVER MILE	LNGTH	SPEC	LIVE COUNT	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	NAME	COHO	CENT CODE	REDD TYPE	SPECIES PER CENT COUNT	COUNT	TYPE	OTHER COMENTS	SURVEY SPECIES	AC	GO	CD	YE
																		SEEN	SEEN	SEEN	SEEN
<b>SNOHOMISH RIVER BASIN</b>																					
07 0291	TOLT R. CONT. AS N.F. TOLT R. 3	47/10/07	0.0	1.1	1.1	COHO	10	0	10	9.1	4					SUPP	FOOT	1	3	0	0
07 0291	52/10/30	0.0	1.1	1.1	COHO	0	1	1	0.9	4					SUPP	FOOT	1	0	0	0	
07 0291	56/10/05	0.0	3.1	3.1	COHO	5	0	5	1.6	4					SUPP	BOAT	1	0	0	0	
07 0291	58/10/14	0.0	3.1	3.1	COHO	1	0	1	0.3	4					SUPP	BOAT	1	0	0	0	
07 0291	76/12/02	0.6	0.5	7.7	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	21	60		
07 0291	76/12/03	9.0	9.7	0.7	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0291	76/12/03	9.7	10.6	1.1	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0291	76/12/10	8.6	9.0	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	24	30	60	
07 0291	76/12/10	9.2	10.6	1.6	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	23	60		
07 0291	76/12/21	9.7	11.0	1.3	COHO	2	0	2	1.5	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0291	77/01/10	9.7	11.0	1.3	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	23	60	64	
07 0292	77/01/13	1.5	1.6	0.3	COHO	28	2	2	2	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	23	60		
07 0292	77/01/14	0.0	0.6	0.6	COHO	0	2	2	4	10.0	5				SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	22	60		
07 0292	77/01/14	0.6	1.0	0.4	COHO	2	2	2	4	10.0	5				SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	24	60		
07 0292	77/01/14	1.0	1.4	0.4	COHO	2	2	2	4	10.0	5				SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	23	60		
07 0292	77/01/20	0.6	1.0	0.4	COHO	1	2	3	7.5	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	24	60		
07 0292	77/01/20	1.5	1.6	0.3	COHO	85	20	105	350.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	24	52	60	
07 0292	77/01/24	1.5	1.6	0.3	COHO	81	35	116	366.7	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	21	53	60	
07 0292	77/01/26	1.5	1.6	0.3	COHO	72	51	123	410.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	77/01/31	1.5	1.6	0.3	COHO	44	96	140	466.7	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	34	60	
07 0292	77/02/04	1.5	1.6	0.3	COHO	15	132	147	490.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60	68	
07 0292	77/02/08	1.0	1.6	0.6	COHO	4	101	105	175.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	77/02/08	1.6	1.6	0.2	COHO	0	24	24	120.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	77/02/11	0.0	0.6	0.6	COHO	0	1	1	1.7	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	77/02/15	1.3	1.6	0.3	COHO	0	110	110	366.7	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	77/02/15	1.6	1.6	0.2	COHO	0	22	22	110.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	77/11/03	0.6	1.0	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20			
07 0292	77/11/03	1.0	1.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	25	31	60	
07 0292	77/11/03	1.4	1.6	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	77/11/10	0.0	0.6	0.6	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	77/11/10	0.6	1.2	0.6	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	20	31	60	
07 0292	77/11/16	0.6	1.0	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	23	60		
07 0292	77/11/16	1.6	1.7	0.1	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	23	60		
07 0292	77/11/16	0.6	1.1	0.5	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	27			
07 0292	77/11/26	0.6	1.2	0.6	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	23	30	60	
07 0292	77/12/09	0.6	1.2	0.6	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	23	60		
07 0292	77/12/09	1.4	1.6	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4					SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	23	60		

## WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES

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## SALMON SPANNING GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR MO DY	RIVER MILE LOW END	RIVER MILE HIGH END	NAME	SPEC COUNT	LIVE COUNT	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH SPECIES	PER CENT CODE	REDD TYPE	SURVEY COUNT	SPECIES SEEN	AC	COMMENTS	1	2	3	G0	C0	YE
(CONT'D)																						
07 0292	77/12/10	1.0	0.0	0.0	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	SPOT	60								
07 0292	77/12/10	1.7	1.0	0.1	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	3	5.0	SUPP	23	60							
07 0292	77/12/21	0.6	1.2	0.6	COHO	3	0	3	3	COHO	140	2	SPOT	24	60							
07 0292	77/12/21	1.3	1.8	0.5	COHO	2	2	142	142	COHO	2	284.0	SUPP	23	60							
07 0292	77/12/29	0.6	1.2	0.6	COHO	2	2	4	4	COHO	52	106	SPOT	20	60							
07 0292	77/12/29	1.4	1.8	0.4	COHO	52	0	0	0	COHO	52	265.0	SUPP	20	60							
07 0292	77/12/29	1.6	1.9	0.1	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	23	60							
07 0292	78/01/09	0.6	1.2	0.6	COHO	0	0	2	2	COHO	77	69	SPOT	24	60							
07 0292	78/01/09	1.3	2.0	0.7	COHO	12	12	77	89	COHO	12	127.1	SUPP	20	60							
07 0292	78/01/17	1.3	1.8	0.5	COHO	0	3	3	3	COHO	0	6.0	SUPP	20	60							
07 0292	78/12/16	1.7	1.8	0.1	COHO	1	0	1	1	COHO	1	10.0	SPOT	20	60							
07 0292	78/12/27	1.7	1.8	0.1	COHO	0	2	2	2	COHO	10	0	SPOT	20	60							
07 0292	79/02/14	1.3	0.0	0.0	COHO	10	0	10	10	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	23	60							
07 0292	80/12/22	1.1	1.4	0.3	COHO	113	16	129	129	COHO	60	164	SPOT	24	31							
07 0292	81/10/28	1.3	0.0	0.0	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	20	60							
07 0292	81/11/05	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	20	33							
07 0292	81/11/11	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	20	34							
07 0292	81/11/16	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	23								
07 0292	81/11/30	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	11	11	SPOT	20	25							
07 0292	81/12/07	1.1	1.3	0.2	COHO	11	0	27	27	COHO	11	55.0	SPOT	00	25							
07 0292	81/12/07	1.1	1.3	0.2	COHO	11	0	27	27	COHO	27	67.5	SPOT	20	24							
07 0292	81/12/09	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	36	0	36	36	COHO	36	90.0	SPOT	23	33							
07 0292	81/12/17	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	23	3	26	26	COHO	23	65.0	SPOT	20	20							
07 0292	81/12/21	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	18	4	22	22	COHO	18	55.0	SPOT	20	20							
07 0292	81/12/29	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	2	7	9	22.5	COHO	2	22.5	SPOT	20								
07 0292	82/01/07	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	20								
07 0292	82/10/28	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	21								
07 0292	82/11/05	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	20	30							
07 0292	82/11/12	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	24								
07 0292	82/11/19	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	42	0	SPOT	24								
07 0292	82/11/26	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	26	0	SPOT	24								
07 0292	82/12/07	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	26	0	26	26	COHO	57	142.5	SPOT	23								
07 0292	82/12/13	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	51	6	57	57	COHO	51	20.0	SPOT	20								
07 0292	82/12/20	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	7	1	6	6	COHO	7	0.0	SPOT	20								
07 0292	82/12/30	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	1	5	6	6	COHO	1	15.0	SPOT	24								
07 0292	83/01/04	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	27	1	28	28	COHO	27	75.0	SPOT	23								
07 0292	83/01/14	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	10	16	45.0	45.0	COHO	10	90.0	SPOT	20	61							
07 0292	83/01/20	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	5	5	5	COHO	0	12.5	SPOT	20	60							
07 0292	83/01/31	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	24								
07 0292	83/11/03	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0.0	SPOT	24								

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

(continued)

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## SALMON SPawning GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).  
 (cont.)

WASHINGON NO.	STATE NO.	DEPARTMEN. YR	DATE MO	RIVER HR	RIVER DY	NAME MILE	SPEC COUNT	LNGTH MILE	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH CODE	REDD TYPE	CENT COUNT	SURVEY SPECIES	OTHER SPECIES	AC G C D Y E				
																SEEN	1	2	3	4
(CONT'D)																				
07	0292	83/11/11	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	85	75	75	20
07	0292	83/11/16	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	7	0	7	17.5	4	COHO	7	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	27
07	0292	83/11/29	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	3	0	3	7.5	4	COHO	3	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	83/12/06	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	1	0	1	2.5	4	COHO	1	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	83/12/13	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	6	0	6	15.0	4	COHO	6	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23
07	0292	83/12/20	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	2	5.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	83/12/29	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	24
07	0292	84/01/05	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	36	0	36	90.0	4	COHO	36	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	84/01/12	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	34	0	37	92.5	4	COHO	34	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	84/01/16	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	14	0	16	40.0	4	COHO	14	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	24
07	0292	84/01/25	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	8	0	12	30.0	4	COHO	8	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	24
07	0292	84/10/10	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	84/11/15	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	84/11/23	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	84/11/30	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	84/12/07	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	84/12/14	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	84/12/21	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	84/12/29	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	85/01/08	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	85/02/27	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	85/10/28	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23
07	0292	85/11/05	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23
07	0292	85/11/14	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	85/11/21	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	24
07	0292	85/12/04	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23
07	0292	85/12/11	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	85/12/18	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	85/12/27	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23
07	0292	86/01/06	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	86/01/13	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	27
07	0292	86/01/21	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	45	0	0	112.5	4	COHO	45	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23
07	0292	86/01/28	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	24	2	26	65.0	4	COHO	24	2	26	65.0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23
07	0292	86/02/04	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	1	1	25	26	4	COHO	1	1	1	1	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	86/11/03	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20
07	0292	86/11/10	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23
07	0292	86/11/16	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23
07	0292	86/11/30	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	COHO	0	0	0	0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	61
07	0292	86/12/04	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	14	2	16	40.0	4	COHO	14	2	16	40.0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	61
07	0292	86/12/11	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	2	6	10	25.0	4	COHO	2	6	10	25.0	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	60
07	0292	86/12/16	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	1	6	7	17.5	4	COHO	1	6	7	17.5	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	61
07	0292	86/12/29	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	3	4	7	17.5	4	COHO	3	4	7	17.5	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	61

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## SALMON SPawning GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR	RIVER MILE	SPEC NAME	LNGTH	TOTAL COUNT	DEAD COUNT	FISH PER MILE	REDD CODE	TYPE COUNT	CENT COUNT	SURVEY SPECIES	COMMENTS	A C	G O	C D	Y E	
														SEEN	1	2	3	
07 0292	87/01/06	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	57	142.5	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	SPOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23	61	
07 0292	87/01/15	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	45	112.5	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	61	
07 0292	87/01/22	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	10	25.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	60	
07 0292	87/11/05	0.9	1.0	0.0 COHO	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	57	60	
07 0292	87/11/19	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	57	
07 0292	87/11/25	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	24		
07 0292	87/12/03	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20		
07 0292	87/12/10	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20		
07 0292	87/12/17	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20		
07 0292	87/12/24	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	61		
07 0292	87/12/31	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20		
07 0292	88/01/06	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	61		
07 0292	88/01/21	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	90	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	33	
07 0292	88/11/02	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	60	
07 0292	88/11/09	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	20	
07 0292	88/11/16	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20		
07 0292	88/11/23	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23		
07 0292	88/12/02	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20		
07 0292	88/12/09	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20		
07 0292	88/12/19	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	52	60	
07 0292	88/12/27	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	20	
07 0292	89/01/04	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23	60	
07 0292	89/01/18	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	61		
07 0292	89/01/25	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20		
07 0292	89/10/30	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20		
07 0292	89/11/06	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23	61	
07 0292	89/11/13	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	60	
07 0292	89/11/20	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	61	
07 0292	89/11/29	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23	39	
07 0292	89/12/06	1.3	1.9	0.1 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	24	31	
07 0292	89/12/13	1.3	1.9	0.1 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	60	
07 0292	89/12/21	1.3	1.9	0.1 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	61	
07 0292	89/12/22	1.3	1.9	0.1 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	61	
07 0292	90/01/03	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	26	60	
07 0292	90/01/13	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	60	
07 0292	90/01/22	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	60	
07 0292	90/11/02	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	60	
07 0292	90/11/06	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	61	
07 0292	90/11/15	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	61	
07 0292	90/11/21	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	23	60	
07 0292	90/11/29	0.9	1.3	0.4 COHO	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	20	60	

(CONT'D)

## SALMON SPawning GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR	RIVER NO	RIVER NAME	LENGTH MILE	SPEC COUNT	LIVE COUNT	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH PER MILE	SPECIES CODE	REDD COUNT	TYPE COUNT	OTHR COUNT	TYPE COUNT	COMENTS	AC SEEN	GO SEEN	CD SEEN	YE	
																	1	2	3	4	
(CONT'D)																					
07 0292	90/12/12	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	2	0	2	5.0	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	61		
07 0292	90/12/24	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	60	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	37		
07 0292	91/01/04	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	90	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20			
07 0292	91/11/04	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	91/11/12	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	20		
07 0292	91/11/20	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	61	20		
07 0292	91/11/26	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	20		
07 0292	91/12/04	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	91/12/11	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	19	22	3	55.0	4	90	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	61	24		
07 0292	91/12/18	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	21	2	13	32.5	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	61	20		
07 0292	91/12/26	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	3	0	3	7.5	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292	92/01/02	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	2	2	5.0	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	20		
07 0292	92/01/10	0.9	1.3	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
UNKNOWN																					
07 0292	30/13/19	0.0	1.3	1.3	COHO	0	5	5	3.0	4	90	INDEX	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
UNNAMED TRIBUTARY (R.B. TRIB. TO TOLT. R. SIDE CHANNEL 3 2.8)																					
07 0292B	76/12/08	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	1	0	1	1.1	4	90	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292B	76/12/15	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	90	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292B	76/12/21	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	1	2	2	2.2	4	80	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292B	77/01/04	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	80	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	37		
07 0292B	77/01/10	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	20		
07 0292B	77/01/20	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	22	60		
07 0292B	77/01/24	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23	23		
07 0292B	77/02/02	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292B	77/11/03	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	33		
07 0292B	77/11/04	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	75	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23	60		
07 0292B	77/11/10	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	21	60		
07 0292B	77/12/05	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	1	0	1	1.1	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	25	60		
07 0292B	77/12/09	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	22	60		
07 0292B	78/01/12	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23	23		
07 0292B	78/01/17	0.0	0.9	0.9	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23	23		
UNNAMED TRIBUTARY (R.B. TRIB. TO TOLT. R. SIDE CHANNEL 3 2.5)																					
07 0292C	77/02/02	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292D	76/12/08	0.0	0.5	0.5	COHO	5	1	6	12.0	4	75	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	30		
07 0292D	76/12/15	0.0	0.5	0.5	COHO	2	1	3	6.0	4	99	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	60		
07 0292D	76/12/21	0.0	0.5	0.5	COHO	4	0	4	8.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	0		
07 0292D	77/01/04	0.0	0.5	0.5	COHO	3	2	2	6.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20	0		
07 0292D	77/01/04	0.0	0.5	0.5	COHO	3	2	5	10.0	4	20	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	22	22		

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).  
 (con't.)

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR	RIVER MILE LOW	RIVER MILE UPPER	NAME	SPEC COUNT	LNGTH MILE	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH PER MILE	SPECIES CODE	REDD TYPE	OTHER SPECIES	SURVEY COUNT	TYPE CODE	CENT COUNT	OTHER SPECIES	SEEN	COMMENTS	A C C D Y E			
UNNAMED TRIBUTARY (R.B. TRIB. TO TOLT. R. SIDE CHANNEL 3 3.4)	UNNAMED TRIBUTARY (R.B. TRIB. TO .0220D)	UNNAMED TRIBUTARY (LB)	(CONT'D.)																				
07 0292D 77/01/10	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	7	1	6	16.0	4	60	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	33	60
07 0292D 77/01/20	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	5	1	6	12.0	4	65	4	SUPP	FOOT									24	20	60
07 0292D 77/01/24	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	6	0	6	12.0	4	65	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	34	60
07 0292D 77/01/31	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	4	1	5	10.0	4	85	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292D 77/02/02	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	9	1	10	20.0	4	95	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292D 77/02/06	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	4	3	7	14.0	4	75	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292D 77/11/03	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	7	0	7	14.0	4	80	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292D 77/11/04	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	4	SPOT	FOOT									23	20	60
07 0292D 77/11/10	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	5	0	5	10.0	4	60	4	SUPP	FOOT									25	60	60
07 0292D 77/12/05	0.3	0.5	0.2 COHO	2	0	2	10.0	4	10	4	SUPP	FOOT									25	60	60
07 0292D 77/12/09	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	16	1	17	34.0	4	20	4	SUPP	FOOT									24	36	60
07 0292D 78/01/12	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	34	0	34	68.0	4	60	4	SUPP	FOOT									38	60	60
07 0292D 78/01/17	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	33	3	36	72.0	4	95	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292D 78/01/23	0.0	0.5	0.5 COHO	13	7	20	40.0	4	90	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	75
07 0292E 77/01/20	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	8	0	3	26.7	4	90	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292E 77/01/24	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	3	0	0	10.0	4	85	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292E 77/01/31	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	1	0	1	3.3	4	90	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292E 77/11/03	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	2	0	2	6.7	4	90	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292E 77/11/10	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	1	3.3	4	90	4	SUPP	FOOT									23	60	60
07 0292E 77/12/05	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	1	0	0	0.0	4	95	4	SUPP	FOOT									23	60	60
07 0292E 77/12/10	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	10	0	0	0.0	4	99	4	SUPP	FOOT									57	60	60
07 0292E 78/01/12	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0292E 78/01/17	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	4	SUPP	FOOT									57	60	60
07 0292E 78/01/23	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0293 80/12/17	1.1	1.4	0.3 COHO	108	7	115	363.3	4	85	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	20	60
07 0294 76/12/10	0.0	0.7	0.7 COHO	2	0	2	2.9	4	95	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 76/12/15	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	5	0	5	16.7	4	99	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 76/12/21	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	1	0	1	3.3	4	99	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 77/01/04	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	11	0	11	36.7	4	90	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 77/01/10	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	6	2	8	26.7	4	80	4	SUPP	FOOT									24	60	60
07 0294 77/01/20	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	16	1	17	56.7	4	80	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 77/01/24	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	12	2	14	46.7	4	80	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 77/01/31	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	8	1	9	30.0	4	85	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 77/02/02	0.0	0.7	0.7 COHO	13	4	17	24.3	4	90	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 77/02/08	0.0	0.7	0.7 COHO	11	9	20	26.6	4	90	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 77/02/15	0.0	0.7	0.7 COHO	6	7	13	18.6	4	90	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	60	60
07 0294 77/11/03	0.0	0.2	0.2 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	4	SUPP	FOOT									20	48	60

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).  
(cont.)

LINE	MRIA	STRM	DATE	RIVER	LNGTH	SPEC	LIVE	DEAD	TOTAL	FISH SPECIES PER MILE	REDD TYPE	OTHER	COMMENTS	SPECIES	COUNT	SURVEY	SPECIES	COUNT	CENT COUNT	SEEN	AC	C	G	D	Y							
*****UNNAMED TRIBUTARY (RB)*****																																
07	0294	77/11/04	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	SPOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23	
07	0294	77/12/09	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	SPOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	57	
07	0294	78/01/12	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	COHO	21	1	22	27.5	4	85	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	24
07	0294	78/01/17	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	COHO	16	4	20	25.0	4	95	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23
07	0294	78/01/23	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	COHO	15	6	21	26.3	4	85	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23
*****UNNAMED TRIBUTARY (RB)*****																																
07	0298	76/12/02	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	99	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
*****STOSEL CREEK (RB)*****																													65			
07	0300	44/11/13	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	COHO	51	2	53	35.3	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	56/11/29	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	COHO	123	7	130	86.7	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	56/12/17	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	COHO	32	49	81	54.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	56/12/27	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	COHO	32	49	81	54.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	76/12/02	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	COHO	2	5	7	17.5	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	76/12/09	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	76/12/15	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	COHO	60	4	72	100.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	76/12/21	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	COHO	37	3	40	100.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	76/12/26	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	COHO	94	3	97	242.5	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	24
07	0300	76/12/28	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	COHO	30	0	30	60.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23
07	0300	76/12/30	0.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	COHO	204	4	205	231.1	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	24
07	0300	77/01/04	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	COHO	79	3	82	205.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/04	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	COHO	9	0	9	16.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/04	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	COHO	3	1	4	20.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/10	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	COHO	40	4	44	110.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/10	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	COHO	204	1	3	6.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/10	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	COHO	79	0	9	16.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/14	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	COHO	45	10	55	137.5	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/14	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	COHO	45	2	7	14.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/14	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	COHO	7	0	7	45.0	4	44	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/18	2.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	27
07	0300	77/01/18	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	COHO	27	1	28	70.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	27
07	0300	77/01/18	0.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	COHO	12	2	14	10.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	27
07	0300	77/01/18	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	COHO	7	0	7	14.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	27
07	0300	77/01/18	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	COHO	7	1	4	0.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	27
07	0300	77/01/21	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	COHO	24	13	37	105.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23
07	0300	77/01/25	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	COHO	33	3	36	90.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23
07	0300	77/01/25	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	COHO	2	2	4	8.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23
07	0300	77/01/25	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	COHO	17	2	32	49	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	23
07	0300	77/01/25	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	COHO	54	19	73	730.0	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/25	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	COHO	40	7	47	156.7	4	50	SUPP	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	FOOT	20
07	0300	77/01/26	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4</td																								

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## SALMON SPANNING GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

MRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR MO DY	RIVER MILE	NAME	LENGTH COUNT	SPEC COUNT	LIVE PER MILE	DEAD PER MILE	TOTAL PER MILE	FISH SPECIES	PER CODE	CENT COUNT	COUNT	REDD TYPE	TYPE	OTHER SPECIES	SURVEY SPECIES	COMMENTS	A C	G O	C D	Y E				
																		SEEN	SEEN	SEEN	SEEN	SEEN	SEEN			
STOSSEL CREEK (RB)																		(CONT'D)	20	60						
07 0300	77/01/26	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	53	20	73	730.0	65	65	FOOT	FOOT	0	34	113.5	4	4	4	4	4	4	20	60			
07 0300	77/01/28	1.8	1.9	0.1 COHO	34	0	34	113.5	75	75	FOOT	FOOT	0	23	57.5	4	4	4	4	4	4	20	60			
X07 0300	77/01/26	1.9	2.2	0.3 COHO	21	2	50	60	60	60	FOOT	FOOT	0	50	300.0	4	4	4	4	4	4	20	60			
07 0300	77/02/02	0.0	0.4	0.4 COHO	10	50	60	300.0	60	60	FOOT	FOOT	0	44	59	295.0	59	59	59	59	59	59	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/02	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	10	50	60	300.0	60	60	FOOT	FOOT	0	44	89	890.0	89	89	89	89	89	89	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/02	1.8	1.9	0.1 COHO	27	40	67	670.0	4	70	SPOT	FOOT	0	43	143.5	4	4	4	4	4	4	20	60			
07 0300	77/02/04	2.1	0.0	0.0 COHO	41	2	57	55.0	22	70	SUPP	FOOT	0	50	55.0	4	4	4	4	4	4	20	52			
07 0300	77/02/02	1.9	2.2	0.3 COHO	41	17	5	59	59	59	FOOT	FOOT	0	44	59	295.0	59	59	59	59	59	59	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/04	0.0	0.4	0.4 COHO	15	44	69	62	131	131	FOOT	FOOT	0	44	9	111.3	4	4	4	4	4	4	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/04	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	15	44	69	62	131	131	FOOT	FOOT	0	44	9	111.3	4	4	4	4	4	4	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/04	1.8	1.9	0.1 COHO	41	43	89	890.0	0	90	SPOT	FOOT	0	20	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/04	2.1	0.0	0.0 COHO	20	0	20	20	20	20	SUPP	FOOT	0	20	34	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	20	60			
07 0300	77/02/07	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	14	57	65	62	145	145	SUPP	FOOT	0	63	82	362.5	362.5	362.5	362.5	362.5	362.5	20	60			
07 0300	77/02/04	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	69	62	131	131	131	131	FOOT	FOOT	0	5	4	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/07	1.8	2.2	0.4 COHO	69	62	131	131	131	131	FOOT	FOOT	0	12	25	311.5	311.5	311.5	311.5	311.5	311.5	20	60			
07 0300	77/02/07	1.8	2.2	0.4 COHO	69	62	131	131	131	131	FOOT	FOOT	0	13	25	311.5	311.5	311.5	311.5	311.5	311.5	20	60			
07 0300	77/02/11	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	9	67	76	76	360.0	80	SUPP	FOOT	0	63	82	362.5	362.5	362.5	362.5	362.5	362.5	20	60			
07 0300	77/02/11	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	9	67	76	76	360.0	80	SUPP	FOOT	0	63	82	362.5	362.5	362.5	362.5	362.5	362.5	20	60			
07 0300	77/02/11	1.8	2.2	0.4 COHO	63	82	145	145	362.5	80	SUPP	FOOT	0	5	4	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/15	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	1	64	65	65	325.0	65	SUPP	FOOT	0	1	64	65	325.0	325.0	325.0	325.0	325.0	325.0	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/15	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	39	87	126	126	315.0	70	SUPP	FOOT	0	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/15	1.8	2.2	0.4 COHO	39	87	126	126	315.0	70	SUPP	FOOT	0	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	20	60		
07 0300	77/02/23	0.0	0.9	0.9 COHO	0	44	44	44	220.0	90	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	77/02/23	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	0	44	44	44	220.0	90	SUPP	FOOT	0	5	85	90	225.0	225.0	225.0	225.0	225.0	225.0	23	60		
07 0300	77/02/23	1.8	2.2	0.4 COHO	5	85	90	90	225.0	90	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	77/11/02	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	21	0	21	21	26.5	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	45		
07 0300	77/11/02	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	45		
07 0300	77/11/02	1.8	1.9	0.1 COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	77/11/09	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	47	0	47	47	50.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	77/11/09	1.4	1.9	0.5 COHO	0	114	116	116	145.0	75	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	32		
07 0300	77/11/17	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	60		
07 0300	77/11/17	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	60		
07 0300	77/11/20	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	80	9	89	89	111.3	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	60		
07 0300	77/11/20	1.4	1.6	0.2 COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	60		
07 0300	77/11/20	1.8	2.2	0.4 COHO	51	3	54	54	106.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	77/11/20	1.8	2.2	0.4 COHO	51	3	54	54	106.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	77/11/23	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	76	6	84	84	105.0	60	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	60		
07 0300	77/11/23	3.0	4.3	0.5 COHO	76	6	84	84	105.0	60	SUPP	FOOT	0	1	16	80.0	4	99	99	99	99	99	99	20	60	
07 0300	77/12/09	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	30	1	31	31	36.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	77/12/09	1.2	2.0	0.8 COHO	42	25	67	67	83.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	77/12/22	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	28	11	39	39	19.5	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	60		
07 0300	77/12/22	1.6	3.0	0.5 COHO	51	3	54	54	106.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	60		
X07 0300	77/12/22	1.6	3.0	0.5 COHO	76	6	84	84	105.0	60	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	60		
07 0300	77/12/23	4.3	4.5	0.2 COHO	15	1	16	16	80.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
X07 0300	77/12/23	4.3	4.5	0.2 COHO	15	1	16	16	80.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	77/12/30	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	9	34	43	43	53.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	60		
07 0300	77/12/30	1.4	1.9	0.5 COHO	9	21	30	30	60.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	60		
07 0300	78/01/06	0.0	0.8	0.8 COHO	6	16	24	24	30.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	60		
07 0300	78/01/06	1.4	3.4	0.2 COHO	16	56	72	72	36.0	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	78/01/09	3.4	3.8	0.4 COHO	1	6	7	7	17.5	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	78/01/09	3.4	3.8	0.4 COHO	1	6	7	7	17.5	4	SUPP	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		
07 0300	78/01/09	3.9	4.5	0.6 COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	FOOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	60		

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files). (cont.)

## WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES

## SALMON SPAWNING GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

MILE	NAME	COUNT	COUNT	TOTAL	SPECIES	PER	REDD	TYPE	OTHER	COMMENTS				
										1	2	3	G0	
NO.	STRM	DATE	RIVER	LNTH	SPEC	LIVE	DEAD	PER	CODE	CENT	COUNT	SURVEY	SPECIES	C0
NO.	NO.	YR	MDY	MILE	MILE	NAME	COUNT	CODE	SEEN	SEEN	SEEN	SEEN	SEEN	YE
LOW	UPPER	END	END	END	END									
07	0301	59/12/21	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	36	51	89	445.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	60/11/29	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	35	11	46	230.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	61/12/11	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	62/12/12	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	6	102	110	550.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	63/12/06	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	3	1	4	20.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	63/12/30	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	6	4	12	60.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	64/12/07	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	60	6	66	330.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	65/12/14	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	66/12/21	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	84	64	148	740.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	67/12/19	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	E4
07	0301	68/01/03	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	19	10	29	145.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	68/12/12	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	1	0	1	5.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	68/12/20	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	69/01/02	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	69/12/17	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	70/11/19	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	70/12/22	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	29	17	43	215.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	71/12/02	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	6	4	10	50.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	71/12/22	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	1	2	3	15.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	72/12/07	0.0	0.0	0.0	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	26
07	0301	72/12/20	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	73/01/02	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	23	2	25	125.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	73/12/06	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	12	3	15	75.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	74/11/25	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	21	1	22	110.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07	0301	74/12/10	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	6	23	29	145.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	26
07	0301	75/01/02	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	10	27	37	185.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	30
07	0301	75/11/19	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	1	0	1	5.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	27
07	0301	75/11/25	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	1	0	1	5.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	31
07	0301	75/12/10	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	17	0	17	85.0	4	INDEX	FOOT	61

(CONT'D)

## SALMON SPawning GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

HRIA NO.	STRM NO.	DATE YR	RIVER MD BY	RIVER NAME	LNTH	SPEC NAME	LIVE COUNT	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH CODE	SPECIES PER MILE	REDD COUNT	TYPE	OTIER SURVEY SPECIES	CONTENTS 1 2 3 G O C D Y E	(CONT'D)		
																INDEX	FOOT	21 57 60
07 0301	75/12/23	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	INDEX	FOOT	20 60
07 0301	76/11/09	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	20 30 60
07 0301	76/11/22	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	76/12/02	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	76/12/06	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	76/12/15	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	76/12/21	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	30
07 0301	76/12/27	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60.0	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	77/01/04	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	45	2	47	235.0	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/01/07	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	32	2	34	170.0	80	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/01/10	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	30	0	36	190.0	95	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/01/14	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	37	16	53	265.0	85	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/01/16	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	27	18	45	225.0	70	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/01/21	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	60	41	109	545.0	80	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/01/25	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	32	53	85	425.0	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/01/28	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	20	55	75	375.0	85	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/02/02	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	12	64	73	360.0	85	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/02/04	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	1	72	72	365.0	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/02/07	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	68	68	140.0	340.0	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/02/11	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	76	76	380.0	380.0	95	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/02/15	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	66	66	57	190.0	95	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/02/23	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	47	47	235.0	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60	
07 0301	77/11/02	0.0	0.1	0.1	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/11/09	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/11/17	0.0	0.1	0.1	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/11/30	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	3	0	3	15.0	80	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/12/09	0.0	0.3	0.3	COHO	96	21	117	390.0	85	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/12/22	0.0	0.3	0.3	COHO	53	33	66	286.7	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	77/12/30	0.0	0.3	0.3	COHO	2	40	42	140.0	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	78/01/06	0.0	0.3	0.3	COHO	0	57	57	190.0	95	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	78/01/16	0.0	0.3	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	78/01/23	0.0	0.1	0.1	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	INDEX	FOOT	60
07 0301	78/11/17	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	1	0	0	1	5.0	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	78/11/30	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	22	0	22	0	110.0	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	78/12/08	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	19	0	19	0	95.0	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	78/12/14	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	6	4	10	50.0	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	78/12/28	0.0	0.2	0.2	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	79/10/30	0.0	0.3	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	79/12/10	0.0	0.3	0.3	COHO	101	45	226	753.3	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	79/12/27	0.0	0.3	0.3	COHO	161	45	226	753.3	90	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20
07 0301	80/11/19	0.0	0.3	0.3	COHO	27	3	30	100.0	4	0	0	0	0	4	INDEX	FOOT	20

## SALMON SPawning GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

MATERIAL NO.	STRM YR	DATE	RIVER	RIVER LENGTH	SPECIES	PER MILE	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH PER MILE	CENT COUNT	TYPE	OTHER	COMMENTS	SPECIES PER MILE			
														NAME	LOW END	UPPER END	SEEN
07 0301	80/11/25	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	76	10	86	293.3	44	44	44	44	44	FOOT	24	24	
07 0301	80/12/03	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	102	17	119	396.7	44	44	44	44	44	FOOT	20	60	
07 0301	80/12/10	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	87	44	131	436.7	86	86	86	86	86	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	80/12/17	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	91	86	177	590.0	81	81	81	81	81	FOOT	20	60	
07 0301	80/12/22	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	70	81	151	503.3	85	85	85	85	85	SUPP	20	60	
07 0301	80/12/22	0.3	0.5	0.2 COHO	8	14	22	110.0	95	95	95	95	95	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	80/12/22	0.3	0.3	0.3 COHO	61	78	159	530.0	90	90	90	90	90	(CONT'D)	24	24	
07 0301	81/01/02	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	81/11/05	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	81/11/12	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	2	0	0	6.7	95	95	95	95	95	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	81/11/19	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	81/12/01	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	60	
07 0301	81/12/06	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	62	3	65	216.7	30	30	30	30	30	FOOT	23	60	
07 0301	81/12/15	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	27	3	37	300.0	38	38	38	38	38	FOOT	20	60	
07 0301	81/12/22	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	31	7	19	126.7	90	90	90	90	90	FOOT	20	60	
07 0301	81/12/30	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	12	3	3	65.3	50	50	50	50	50	FOOT	20	37	60
07 0301	82/01/07	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	10.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	21	31	
07 0301	82/11/04	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	82/11/11	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	24	24	
07 0301	82/11/18	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	82/11/25	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	82/12/02	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	82/12/09	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	11	0	11	36.7	90	90	90	90	90	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	82/12/17	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	1	0	1	3.3	90	90	90	90	90	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	82/12/29	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	69	0	69	230.0	85	85	85	85	85	FOOT	21	33	
07 0301	83/01/11	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	6	25	31	103.3	95	95	95	95	95	FOOT	20	60	
07 0301	83/01/20	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	21	21	70.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	60	
07 0301	83/01/31	0.0	0.3	0.3 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	83/11/07	0.0	0.3	0.2 COHO	1	0	0	3.3	44	44	44	44	44	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	83/11/14	0.0	0.3	0.2 COHO	9	0	9	30.0	85	85	85	85	85	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	83/11/14	0.3	0.5	0.2 COHO	6	0	6	30.0	75	75	75	75	75	FOOT	26	26	
07 0301	83/11/22	0.0	0.3	0.2 COHO	84	4	88	293.3	52	52	52	52	52	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	83/11/22	0.3	0.5	0.2 COHO	1	1	1	31	103.3	103.3	103.3	103.3	103.3	FOOT	20	20	
07 0301	83/12/01	0.0	0.3	0.2 COHO	19	12	31	15.0	95	95	95	95	95	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	83/12/01	0.3	0.5	0.2 COHO	0	3	3	15.0	95	95	95	95	95	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	83/12/08	0.0	0.3	0.2 COHO	11	18	29	96.7	44	44	44	44	44	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	83/12/08	0.3	0.5	0.2 COHO	0	3	3	15.0	95	95	95	95	95	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	83/12/15	0.0	0.3	0.2 COHO	85	17	102	340.0	22	22	22	22	22	FOOT	23	23	
07 0301	83/12/15	0.3	0.5	0.2 COHO	0	3	25	125.0	0	0	0	0	0	SPOT	20	36	60
07 0301	83/12/22	0.0	0.3	0.2 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	36	60
07 0301	83/12/22	0.3	0.5	0.2 COHO	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	FOOT	20	36	60

## SALMON SPawning GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

WATERSHED NAME	STRM NO.	DATE YR	RIVER MILE LOW END	RIVER MILE UPPER END	SPEC NAME	LNGTH MILE	DEAD COUNT	TOTAL COUNT	FISH CODE	SPECIES PER MILE	REDD COUNT	TYPE	SURVEY SPECIES	CENT COUNT	COUNT	AC	G0	C0	YE		
																SEEN	SEEN	SEEN	SEEN		
UNNAMED TRIBUTARY (LB)	07 0301	83/12/30	0.0	0.0	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	83/12/30	0.3	0.0	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	84/01/05	0.0	0.3	COHO	58	22	80	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	84/01/05	0.3	0.5	COHO	18	4	22	COHO	12	92	306.7	95	110.0	70	70	70	266.7	20	36	60
	07 0301	84/01/13	0.0	0.3	COHO	60	12	92	COHO	9	0	45.0	95	37	123.3	80	80	80	80	20	37
	07 0301	84/01/13	0.3	0.5	COHO	19	16	37	COHO	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	07 0301	84/01/19	0.0	0.3	COHO	19	16	37	COHO	4	1	25.0	95	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
	07 0301	84/01/19	0.3	0.5	COHO	3	19	22	COHO	3	19	73.3	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
	07 0301	84/01/25	0.0	0.3	COHO	22	4	22	COHO	4	20	20.0	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
	07 0301	84/01/25	0.3	0.5	COHO	1	1	1	COHO	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	07 0301	84/11/08	0.0	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	84/11/08	0.3	0.5	COHO	7	0	0	COHO	0	0	23.3	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
	07 0301	84/11/16	0.0	0.3	COHO	11	0	11	COHO	6	2	26.7	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
	07 0301	84/11/16	0.3	0.5	COHO	11	0	11	COHO	6	2	26.7	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
	07 0301	84/11/26	0.0	0.3	COHO	6	0	6	COHO	6	0	30.0	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
	07 0301	84/11/26	0.3	0.5	COHO	6	0	6	COHO	6	0	30.0	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
	07 0301	84/12/03	0.0	0.3	COHO	16	2	20	COHO	16	0	66.7	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	84/12/03	0.3	0.5	COHO	44	0	44	COHO	16	0	220.0	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	84/12/10	0.0	0.3	COHO	16	0	16	COHO	35	0	53.3	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	84/12/10	0.3	0.5	COHO	16	0	16	COHO	19	3	175.0	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	84/12/17	0.0	0.3	COHO	16	2	20	COHO	19	3	22	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
	07 0301	84/12/17	0.3	0.5	COHO	51	2	53	COHO	51	2	265.0	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
	07 0301	84/12/26	0.0	0.3	COHO	19	11	30	COHO	19	11	100.0	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	84/12/26	0.3	0.5	COHO	57	1	58	COHO	20	9	29	96.7	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	85/01/02	0.0	0.3	COHO	57	1	58	COHO	20	9	25	125.0	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	85/01/02	0.3	0.5	COHO	20	5	25	COHO	14	9	23	76.7	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	85/01/10	0.0	0.3	COHO	14	9	23	COHO	3	7	10	50.0	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	85/01/10	0.3	0.5	COHO	2	0	0	COHO	2	1	16	60.0	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	07 0301	85/01/17	0.3	0.5	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/10/30	0.0	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/11/06	0.0	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/11/15	0.0	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/12/05	0.0	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/12/12	0.0	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/12/12	0.3	0.5	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/12/19	0.0	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/12/19	0.3	0.5	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/12/30	0.0	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	85/12/30	0.3	0.5	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	86/01/07	0.0	0.3	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	07 0301	86/01/07	0.3	0.5	COHO	0	0	0	COHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(CONT'D.)

SALMON SPawning GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

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SALMON SPANNING GROUND DATA RETRIEVAL

Table 6. Complete record of spawner surveys for coho salmon in the Tolt River watershed, 1947-1992 (from Washington Dept. of Fisheries files).

Table 7. Steelhead redd densities (redds/mi) in the Tolt River watershed (from Pfeiffer 1990).

Table M. Steelhead redd densities (redds/mi) in the Tolt River.

Year	Mainstem /a	North Fork /b	South Fork /c
1982	9.9		
1983	32.5		
1984	18.4		
1985	3.8	30.7	15.4
1986	27.3	25.7	15.8
1987	24.9	44.3	17.2
1988	17.5	45.7	6.3
1989	24.1	42.9	16.2
1990	9.6		
1991	21.9	64.3	10.1
Means:	19.0	42.3	13.5

Note: Densities are for redds tallied in surveyed spawnable reaches, only.

/a Adequately seeded at an evenly-distributed 17 redds/mile.

/b Adequately seeded at an evenly-distributed 58 redds/mile; difficult to accomplish since much of the rearing habitat is ABOVE the spawning areas.

/c About 22 redds/mile will adequately seed.

Table 8. Summary of steelhead sport catch data for the Snoqualmie and Tolt Rivers, 1986-1990 (from Pfeiffer 1990).

Table 8. Wild and hatchery steelhead catches in the Snoqualmie and Tolt Rivers, 1986-1990.

SNOQUALMIE RIVER				TOLT RIVER				
Year	Winter-runs		Summer-runs		Winter-runs		Summer-runs	
	Hatchery	Wild	Hatchery	Wild	Hatchery	Wild	Hatchery	Wild
1986-87	1807	163	514	284	329	66	126	82
1987-88	2920	767	528	99	234	64	143	60
1988-89	930	328	1779	158	200	39	413	88
1989-90	1530	336	413	57	322	37	70	29
1990-91	1417	227			209	15		

# Worksheet ff-1. Habitat condition rating for spawning gravel fines and pool habitat conditions

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA-07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 1 of 5

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: K. Bauersfeld

Stream Segment	Habitat Parameter	Parameter Statistic(s)	Value	Inventory Date		Data Source(s)	Condition Rating
				1981-82	1976		
1	Fine Sed.	% Fines	10-12%	1981-82	1976	Stober et al. (1983) – Range of means Pfeiffer (1990) – Single value	G
	Fine Sed.	% Fines	6.5%				
2	Fine Sed.	% Fines	7.9%	1981-82		Stober et al. (1983)	G
	Fine Sed.	% Fines	13-16				
3	Pools	%	20:80	1981-82	1993	Stober et al. (1983) Pess – field recon – visual est., not meas.	F
	Pools	%	6-10%				
4	Fine Sed.	% Fines	1:1	1981-82	1988	Stober et al. (1983) Seattle Water Dept.	G
	Pools	P:R Ratio	1:1				
5	Pools	%	80%	1988		Seattle Water Dept.	F
	Pools	%	"Few"				
10	Pools	%	80%	1988		Seattle Water Dept.	G
	Pools	%	"Few"				
13	Pools	%	10:90	1993	11/24/87	Seattle Water Dept. – braiding, shallow, "few pools," possible barrier, at low flows, to cutthroat	P
	Pools	%	20:80				
15	Pools	%	10:90	1993	Pess et al. – channel team field reconnaissance	P	
	Pools	%	1991				
17	Pools	%	1993	Light – field recon.		P	
	Pools	%	1993				

Comments:

- (a) Statistic = mean ( $\bar{x}$ ), range, standard deviation (SD), variance ( $S^2$ ), single value  
 (b) Data source should include document citation, plus page, table/figure and station number where data was obtained.

# Worksheet ff-1. Habitat condition rating for spawning gravel fines and pool habitat conditions

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA-07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 2 of 5

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: K. Bauersfeld

Stream Segment	Habitat Parameter	Parameter Statistic(s)	Value	Inventory Date	Data Source(s)	Condition Rating
18	Pools	%	10:90	1993	Pess et al. - channel team field reconnaissance	P
19	Pools	%	20:80	1992	Nawa 1992	P
20	Pools	%	20:80	1992	Nawa 1992	P
55	Pools	%	<10	1993	Fish team field recon. - few pools - subsurface flow	P
56	Pools	%	35-49	1993	Fish team field recon. - few pools - subsurface flow	F
24	Pools	%	>50%	1993	Fish team	G
25	Pools	%	>50	1993	Fish team	G
26	Pools	%	>50	1993	Fish team	G
28	Pools	%	>50	1993	Fish team	G
Comments:						

(a) Statistic = mean ( $\bar{x}$ ), range, standard deviation (SD), variance ( $S^2$ ), single value

(b) Data source should include document citation, plus page, table/figure and station number where data was obtained.

# Worksheet ff-1. Habitat condition rating for spawning gravel fines and pool habitat conditions

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA-07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 3 of 5

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: R. McIntosh

Stream Segment	Habitat Parameter	Parameter Statistic(s)	Value	Inventory Date	Condition Rating		
					Data Source <sup>(b)</sup>		
63	Pools Fine Sed.	%	20:80	1993	Pess et al. – channel team field reconnaissance Abundant surface fines	P	P
64	Pools Fine Sed.	%	20:80	1993	Pess et al. – channel team field reconnaissance Abundant	P	
68	Pools	%	40:60		Pess et al. – channel team field reconnaissance	F	
90	Pools Fine Sed.	%	>50% Surface Fines	1993	Fish team	G	
93	% Fines % Fines % Fines	Means Single Value	10-13% 15.1% 8.5%	1981 1976 1991	Stober et al. (1983) Pfeiffer (1990) Ebasco (1992)	F-G	
94	Pools	%	40:60	1993	Pess et al. – channel team field reconnaissance	F	
95	Fines Sed. Fines Sed. Pools	% % %	7-11% 12.6% 25%	1981 1992 1991	Stober et al. (1983) Ebasco (1992) Ebasco (1992)	G	
96	Pools	%	25%	1991	Ebasco (1992)	F	P
Comments:							

(a) Statistic = mean ( $\bar{x}$ ), range, standard deviation (SD), variance ( $S^2$ ), single value

(b) Data source should include document citation, plus page, table/figure and station number where data was obtained.

### Worksheet ff-1. Habitat condition rating for spawning gravel fines and pool habitat conditions

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA-07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 4 of 5

WAU: Tolt River

**Analyst:** B McIntosh

Stream Segment	Habitat Parameter	Statistic(s)	Parameter Value	Inventory Date	Data Source(s)	Condition Rating
97	Pools	%	25%	1991	Ebasco (1992)	P
98	Pools	%	25%	1991	Ebasco (1992)	P
99	Pools	%	25%	1991	Ebasco (1992)	P
100	Fines Sed.	Single Value Means %	42.6% 11.7% 25	1976 1991 1991	Pfeiffer (1990) Ebasco (1992) Ebasco (1992)	P
101	Fine Sed.	% <.85 mm	6-10	1981	Stober et al. (1983)	G
102	Fine Sed.	% <.85 mm	14	1976	Pfeiffer (1990)	F
103	Pools	%	<30	1993	Fish team recon.	P
112	Pools	%	35-50	1993	Fish team recon.	F
113	Pools	%	35-50	1993	Fish team recon.	F
114	Pools	%	35-50	1993		F
115	Pools	%	>50	1993		G

(a) Statistic = mean ( $\bar{x}$ ), range, standard deviation (SD), variance (S<sup>2</sup>), single value  
 (b) Data source should include document citation, plus page, table/figure and station number where data was obtained.

# Worksheet ff-1. Habitat condition rating for spawning gravel fines and pool habitat conditions

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA-07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 5 of 5

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: R. McIntosh

Stream Segment	Habitat Parameter	Parameter Statistic(s)	Value	Inventory Date		Data Source(b)	Condition Rating
				G	P		
116	Pools	%	>50	1993			G
117	Pools	%	>50	1993			G
119	Pools	%	>50	1993	Pess and channel team		G
120	Pools	%	<10	2/93	Fish team only – 2 pools in 100 m		P
120	Fine Sed.	%		2/93	Fish team – abundant surface fines observed		P
120	Pools	%					
121	Pools Fine Sed.	% Vis.	<30% Abundant	1993	Channel team Channel team		P
134	Pools	<30%		1993	Fish team		P
135	Pools	<30%		1993	Fish team		F → P
141	Fine Sed. Pools	%	35-50	2/93	Fish team field reconnaissance		F
144	Pools	%	>50	2/93	Fish team		G
Comments:							

(a) Statistic = mean ( $\bar{x}$ ), range, standard deviation (SD), variance ( $S^2$ ), single value

(b) Data source should include document citation, plus page, table/figure and station number where data was obtained.

## Worksheet ff-2. Description of Habitat Concerns and Potential Modifications (Supplemental Information)

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA - 07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 3 of 3

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: Light/Bauersfeld/McIntosh

Stream Segment	Species	Life History Phase	Habitat Concern	Description and Apparent Cause	Production Potential Rating
Lynch Lake (114-115)	Steelhead, Cutthroat	Adult	Disease	Natural disease problem in Lynch Lake.	
SF	All	All	Temperature	Reservoir causes documented temperature increase in South Fork – though equilibrium with those in NF is reached by confluence. Pronounced difference in September and October. May affect spawning and incubation.	
1,2,3	Salmon	Adult	Holding	Possible lack of adult holding pools in mainstem below confluence.	

- Identify concerns other than percentage of pools and percentage of fine sediments that could affect habitat conditions.

- Identify channel characteristics that could modify production potential.

## Worksheet ff-2. Description of Habitat Concerns and Potential Modifications (Supplemental Information)

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA - 07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 1 of 3

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: Light/Bauerfeld/McIntosh

Stream Segment	Species	Life History Phase	Habitat Concern	Description and Apparent Cause	Production Potential Rating
1	Chinook	Spawning	Scour	Noted gravel movement/scour during Chinook incubation period – loss of appropriate size spawning material downstream.	
2			Flow	Low flows since (dam construction) may not in 1963 stimulate upstream migration of salmon.	
1	Chinook	Spawning	Temperature	Early ('50s) temperatures recorded during spawning of 49-55°F – need to check current temperatures.	
2	Coho Pinks	Spawning	Low Flow	Noted low flows inhibiting passage into Stssel Creek.	
144					
5	Chinook	Spawning	Egg poaching	Noted carcasses without eggs in this reach – documented problem of poaching throughout.	
6	Steelhead Winter/Summer Coho	Rearing Spawning	Migration/ access	Altered flow regime in S.F. may have affected function of potential flow barriers – barriers may or may not be barriers to all species – historical vs. current migration patterns – competition issue for summer and winter steelhead.	
95/96					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify concerns other than percentage of pools and percentage of fine sediments that could affect habitat conditions.</li> <li>• Identify channel characteristics that could modify production potential.</li> </ul>

## Worksheet ff-2. Description of Habitat Concerns and Potential Modifications (Supplemental Information)

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA - 07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 2 of 3

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: Light/Bauersfeld/McIntosh

Stream Segment	Species	Life History Phase	Habitat Concern	Description and Apparent Cause	Production Potential Rating
144	All	Upstream Migration	Migration barriers	Noted increase in beaver activity (lack of control through trapping, etc.)	
23 24 25 26 27 28	w/Steelhead Coho Cutthroat			Beaver dams may become barriers to migration from partial blockage thought to have been fixed in 1986.	
All Forks	Steelhead	Adult	Poaching		
	All	All	Substrate & aquifer	Slurry of bentonite released during reservoir construction in mid-60s – affected spawning – sealed river bottom for awhile.	
1	All of S. Fork below dam	All	Rerouting of channel	Langlois Creek was rerouted to mainstem Snoqualmie when Tolt was diked.	
Both Forks	Steelhead	Juvenile	Disease	Noted fungus/lesions on juvenile steelhead.	
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify concerns other than percentage of pools and percentage of fine sediments that could affect habitat conditions.</li> <li>• Identify channel characteristics that could modify production potential.</li> </ul>

### Worksheet ff-3. Description of Habitat Concerns and Potential Modifications (Field Reconnaissance Survey)

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA - 07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 1 of 5

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: Light/Bauersfeld/McIntosh

Stream Segment	Species	Life History Phase	Habitat Concern	Description and Apparent Cause	Production Potential Rating
1	Coho Chinook	Rearing	Lack of pool habitat	Little pool habitat = little rearing potential for anadromous species – lower 2 km ≈ 18% pools during winter base flow condition. Nice side channel – coho/chum and Chinook spawning – good rearing, over winter.	-
112	Steelhead and resident trout	Rearing Spawning	Pool habitat substrate	Fair – old Stringer bridge was blocking fish migration. May become blockage again if it stays.	-
113	Non-anadromous			Fair – sediment concern.	
114				Perched culverts at pipeline road blocks all upstream migration. Blow-off at pipeline concern – may cause erosion if large amounts of water released.	
115	Non-anadromous Trout	Rearing Spawning	Pool habitat substrate	Good – good LOD presently, not much recruitment, beaver dams.	
116				Good	
117				Beaver dam at outlet to Lynch Lake may be a barrier.	
118	Non-anadromous Trout	Upstream migration spawning	Fines barrier	Fines at beaver dam/bridge at upstream end – may be blockage to passage. Pond is storing fines	
119					
120					
23	Coho Steelhead	Adult migration	Barrier	Migration delay/partial barrier – lots of fish below, few above.	-
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify concerns other than percentage of pools and percentage of fine sediments that could affect habitat conditions.</li> <li>• Identify channel characteristics that could modify production potential.</li> </ul>

## Worksheet ff-3. Description of Habitat Concerns and Potential Modifications (Field Reconnaissance Survey)

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA - 07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 2 of 5

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: Light/Bauersfeld/McIntosh

Stream Segment	Species	Life History Phase	Habitat Concern	Description and Apparent Cause	Production Potential Rating
144	Coho Steelhead	Adult	Spawning Incubation	Fines from mainstem overbank flow – backing up and dropping out in segment. Barrier may cause fish to overspawn lower area – saw loose dead eggs – abundant pools.	-
24	Coho Steelhead	Adult	Spawning	Somewhat compacted – some evidence of previous spawning – good potential rearing.	-
25	Coho Steelhead	Adult	Spawning	No problem at lower beaver dams through this segment – good rearing potential. Potential delay at lower end of pond – debris.	-
121 123	Resident Cutthroat	All	Spawning Rearing	Abundant surface fines Lack of pools.	-
141	Coho Trout	Adult	Spawning Rearing	Lots of fine sediment recently dropped out in lower index area – few pools. This is a spawning area, not rearing – based on size and flow – rearing = F, not G and sediment load. Lots of beaver activity noted removing recruiting trees – bank stability, etc. Lots of human activity (car bodies, shooting, etc.).	-
26	Coho Trout	Adult	Spawning	Sediment/fines cause spawning to be fair.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify concerns other than percentage of pools and percentage of fine sediments that could affect habitat conditions.</li> <li>• Identify channel characteristics that could modify production potential.</li> </ul>

## Worksheet ff-3. Description of Habitat Concerns and Potential Modifications

(Field Reconnaissance Survey)

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA - 07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 3 of 5

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: Light/Bauersfeld/McIntosh

Stream Segment	Species	Life History Phase	Habitat Concern	Description and Apparent Cause	Production Potential Rating
26	Coho Trout	Adult	Spawning	Sediment/fines create fair spawning conditions.	-
90	Coho	Adult	Spawning Rearing	Fines in gravel reduce this to a fair/poor spawning potential. Good	-
63	Resident Trout	All	No Water in Channel	Field recon. found aggregation of coarse and fine sediments – no flow during winter normal flow period following high water. Possible passage barrier and road culvert (first crossing) – culvert is almost filled with material.	
64				Yellow creek culvert at mainline road crossing is perched and prevents fish passage.	
43	Resident Trout	Upstream Migration	Barrier		
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify concerns other than percentage of pools and percentage of fine sediments that could affect habitat conditions.</li> <li>• Identify channel characteristics that could modify production potential.</li> </ul>

## Worksheet ff-3. Description of Habitat Concerns and Potential Modifications

(Field Reconnaissance Survey)

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA - 07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 4 of 5

WAU: Tolt River

Analyst: Light/Bauersfeld/McIntosh

Stream Segment	Species	Life History Phase	Habitat Concern	Description and Apparent Cause	Production Potential Rating
88	Coho (not Chinook)	Upstream Migration	Spawning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Old mainstem side channel now serves as lower end of Spook Lake outlet. Upstream end is blocked from current main channel by beaver dam and gravel from mainstem Tolt.</li> <li>Recent dam break flood caused by beaver dam failure in segment (89?) has deposited coarse and fine sediment to salmon reach causing potential decreased spawning success. Dam fines in gravels, perched redds on aggregated debris fan dewatering.</li> <li>Side channel probably doesn't function for summer rearing except upstream of Spook Creek confluence where beaver ponds form good summer and winter rearing habitat.</li> </ul>	
138	All Salmon	All		Poor flow conditions (low). Silty, oil sheen and poor habitat conditions for all salmonids – good connection to Tolt mainstem but even in winter not good habitat.	
103	Resident Trout			Low % pools, ltd. available gravels for spawning? Fair winter rearing – do they spawn on delta.	
134 S.F. above Res.	Resident Trout	All		Low % pools, ltd. available gravels for spawning? Fair winter rearing – do they spawn on delta.	
135				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identify concerns other than percentage of pools and percentage of fine sediments that could affect habitat conditions.</li> <li>Identify channel characteristics that could modify production potential.</li> </ul>	

### Worksheet ff-3. Description of Habitat Concerns and Potential Modifications (Field Reconnaissance Survey)

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA - 07)

WAU: Tolt River

Date: 2/9/93  
Page: 5 of 5  
Analyst: Light/Bauersfeld/McIntosh

Stream Segment	Species	Life History Phase	Habitat Concern	Description and Apparent Cause	Production Potential Rating
18	Resident Trout	All	-	Managed section has poor pools, <30% pools in old growth section too.	
19	Resident Trout	All	-	Debris torrent in upper 55 or lower 56 scoured or buried spawning gravels.	
55	Resident Trout	All	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aggraded – good flow at top, but water goes subsurface.</li> <li>• Poor pools (17%) field recon. Lower channel recruited rearing to protect bridge.</li> <li>• Boulder/bedrock pools with lots of LOD, good spawning gravels.</li> <li>• Poor pools.</li> </ul>	
12b	Resident Trout	Spawning		Spawning sized materials generally lacking in wetted perimeter of mainstem Tolt – braided reaches.	
13					
15					
17					

- Identify concerns other than percentage of pools and percentage of fine sediments that could affect habitat conditions.

- Identify channel characteristics that could modify production potential.

## Worksheet ff-4. Evaluation of Production Potential Ratings

(Use only for segments where production potential modifications occur.)

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA - 07)

WAU: Tolt River

Date: 2/9/93 Page: 1 of 1  
 Analyst: Light/Bauerstfeld/McIntosh

Stream Segment	Ratings Based On		Field Reconnaissance	Final Rating	Reason for Modification
	Map-Based Gradient Confinement	Supplemental Information			
95	SF, RF, WP		SF, RF, WF	SF, RF, WF	Based on large, deep pools in S.F. canyon providing refuge during high flows.
96	SP, RP, WP		SP, RF, WF	SP, RF, WF	Same as above (pool habitat).
25	SG, RG, WG		SP, RG, WG	SP, RG, WG	Beaver dams inundate spawning areas. • Reduces potential to poor.
10	SF, RF, WP		SF, RG, WF	SG, RG, WF	Nature of channel and large stream combine to create very large, deep pools that are excellent summer rearing areas for resident cutthroat. Depth of pools provides water refuge.
41	SF, RF, WP		SG, RF, WP	SG, RF, WP	Field recon. showed excellent spawning habitat in tailouts of pools in segment 56. All of these other segments fit into same segment cluster, so observations in segment 56 are being extrapolated to others.
46	SF, RG, WF		SG, RG, WF	SG, RG, WF	
49	SF, RF, WP		SG, RF, WP	SG, RF, WP	
56	SF, RF, WP		SG, RF, WP	SG, RF, WP	
57	SF, RF, WP		SG, RF, WP	SG, RF, WP	

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 1 of 15

Analyst: K. Bauersfeld

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability		
	Spawning	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD
1	G	G	G	G	G	M	H	H	H
2	G	G	G	G	G	M	H	H	H
3	G	G	F	F	F	H	H	H	H
4	F	F	P	P	F	M	M	M	M
5	G	G	F	P	F	M	M	M	M
6	F	F	P	P	H	H	H	H	H
7	G	G	F	F	M	M	M	M	M
8	F	F	P	P	L	L	L	L	L
9	P	P	P	F	M	M	M	M	H
10	F	G	F	G	G				

- \* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.
- \*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

G = good  
F = fair  
P = poor

O = Field Reconnaissance

H = high  
M = moderate  
L = low

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 2 of 15

Analyst: K. Bauersfeld

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability				
	Spawning	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines		Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**
				Fines	G						
11	G	G	G				H	H	H	H	H
12	G	G	G				P	H	H	H	H
13	G	G	G				P	H	H	H	H
14	G	G	F				H	H	H	H	H
15	G	G	G				P	H	H	H	H
16	G	G	F				H	H	H	H	H
17	G	G	G				P	H	H	H	H
18	F	F	P				P	M	M	M	M
19	G	G	F				H	H	H	H	H
20	F	F	P				P	M	M	M	M

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.

\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

G = good

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P = poor

H = high

M = moderate

L = low

◊ = Field Reconnaissance

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 3 of 15

Analyst: K. Bauersfeld

Segment Number	Habitat Potential				Existing Habitat Condition Ratings				Habitat Vulnerability			
	Spawning	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**		
										NOT	FISH BEARING	
21	NOT	FISH	BEARING			H	M	H	M	H		
22	NOT	FISH	BEARING			L	L	L	L	L		
23	P	P	P	G	◊	H	M	H	M	H		
24	G	G	F	G	◊	L	M	L	M	H		
25	P	G	G	G	◊	H	M	H	H	H		
26	G	G	G	G	◊	H	H	H	H	H		
27	G	G	F	G	◊	H	M	H	M	H		
28	G	G	G	P	G	L	L	L	L	L		
29	P	P	P	G	H	H	H	H	H	H		
30	G	G	F									

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.

\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

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# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 4 of 15

Analyst: K. Bauersfeld

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability				
	Spawning Rearing	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools		Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**
31	G	G	G				H	H	H	H	H
32	G	G	G				H	H	H	H	H
33	P	P	P				L	L	L	L	L
34	P	P	P				L	L	L	L	L
35	G	G	F				H	H	H	H	H
36	NOT	FISH	BEARING				NOT	FISH	BEARING		
37	NOT	FISH	BEARING				NOT	FISH	BEARING		
38	P	P	P				L	L	L	L	
39	G	G	F				H	H	H	H	
40	G	G	F				H	H	H	H	

- \* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.
- \*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

G = good  
F = fair  
P = poor

H = high  
M = moderate  
L = low

◊ = Field Reconnaissance

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet fr-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93      Page 5 of 15  
 Analyst: K. Bauersfeld

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability			
	Spawning	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**
41	G	F	P			H	M	H	M	M
42	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING	L	L
43	P	P	P			L	L	L	L	M
44	F	F	P			L	L	L	L	L
45	P	P	P			H	H	H	H	H
46	G	G	F			L	L	L	L	L
47	P	P	P			L	L	L	L	L
48	P	P	P			H	M	H	M	M
49	G	F	P			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
50	NOT	FISH	BEARING							

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.

\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

G = good  
 F = fair  
 P = poor

H = high  
 M = moderate  
 L = low

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA-07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 6 of 15

Analyst: R. McIntosh

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability			
	Spawning Rearing	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**
51	P	P	P			L	L	L	L	L
52	P	P	P			L	L	L	L	L
53	P	P	P			L	L	L	L	L
54	G	G	F			H	H	H	H	H
55	G	G	G			H	H	H	H	H
56	G	F	P			H	H	H	H	H
57	G	F	P			H	M	H	M	M
58	P	P	P			H	M	H	M	M
59	P	P	P			L	L	L	L	L
60	NOT	FISH	BEARING			L	L	L	L	L
				NOT	FISH	BEARING				

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.

\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

G = good

F = fair

P = poor

◊ = Field Reconnaissance

H = high

M = moderate

L = low

Note: This segment was identified as non fish-bearing on the DNR water type map, but appears to be accessible and suitable to support fish. Fish presence should be confirmed.

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 7 of 15  
 Analyst: R. McIntosh

Segment Number	Habitat Potential				Existing Habitat Condition Ratings				Habitat Vulnerability			
	Spawning	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**		
										FISH	BEARING	
61	NOT	FISH	BEARING	P	P	H	H	H	L	H		
62	NOT	G	G	P	P	H	H	H	L	H		
63	G	G	G	P	P	M	H	M	L	H		
64	G	G	F			L	L	L	L	L		
65	F	G	F			NOT	FISH	BEARING	L	L		
66	P	P	P			L	L	L	L	L		
67	NOT	FISH	BEARING	P	F	NOT	FISH	BEARING				
68	P	P	P			NOT	FISH	BEARING				
69	NOT	FISH	BEARING	P		NOT	FISH	BEARING				
70	NOT	FISH	BEARING									

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.

\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

H = high  
 M = moderate  
 L = low

G = good  
 F = fair  
 P = poor

◊ = Field Reconnaissance

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 8 of 15

Analyst: R. McIntosh

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability			
	Spawning Rearing	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**
71	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
72	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
73	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
74	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
75	F	F	P			M	M	M	M	
76	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
77	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
78	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
79	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
80	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.

\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

G = good  
F = fair  
P = poor

H = high  
M = moderate  
L = low

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93      Page 9 of 15  
 Analyst: R. McIntosh

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability			
	Spawning	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**
81	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING	L	L
82	P	P	P			M	M	M	M	M
83	F	F	P			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
84	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
85	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
86	NOT	FISH	BEARING			NOT	FISH	BEARING		
87	NOT	FISH	BEARING			L	L	L	L	L
88	P	P	P			H	H	H	H	H
89	G	G	F			G	H	H	H	H
90	G	G	G			P	H	H	H	H

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.

\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

◊ = Field Reconnaissance

G = good      H = high  
 F = fair      M = moderate  
 P = poor      L = low

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 10 of 15

Analyst: R. McIntosh

Segment Number	Habitat Potential				Existing Habitat Condition Ratings				Habitat Vulnerability			
	Spawning Rearing	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**	FISH BEARING	L
91	P	NOT	FISH BEARING	G	G	M	H	H	H	H	H	L
92	G	G	G	F	F	H	H	H	H	H	H	L
93	G	G	G	F	F	M	H	M	H	H	H	M
94	G	F	F	F	F	L	H	L	H	H	H	M
95	F	P	F	P	P	H	H	H	H	H	H	M
96	P	F	F	P	P	M	M	M	M	M	M	M
97	G	G	G	P	P	M	M	M	M	M	M	M
98	F	F	P	P	P	H	H	H	H	H	H	M
99	G	G	G	P	P	H	H	H	H	H	H	M
100	F	F	P	P	G	L	H	M	H	H	H	M

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\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

G = good  
F = fair  
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# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93      Page 11 of 15  
 Analyst: J. Light

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability					
	Spawning Rearing	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools	G	M	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**	
101	F	F	P					L	M	M	M	
102	G	G	F					H	H	H	H	
103	G	G	G					H	H	H	H	
104	G	G	F					H	H	H	H	
105	G	G	G					H	H	H	H	
106	G	G	F					L	L	L	L	
107	P	P	P					M	H	H	H	
108	F	G	F					H	H	H	H	
109	G	G	G					NOT FISH	BEARING			
110	NOT FISH	BEARING										

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.

\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

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 M = moderate  
 L = low

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 12 of 15

Analyst: J. Light

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability			
	Spawning Rearing	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Fines	Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**
111	NOT FISH	F	F	FX	F	◊	M	H	M	M
112	F	G	G	FX	F	◊	H	H	H	H
113	G	G	G	FX	F	◊	H	H	H	H
114	G	G	G	FX	F	◊	H	H	H	H
115	G	G	F	G	◊	H	M	H	H	H
116	G	G	G	G	◊	H	M	H	M	H
117	G	G	G	G	◊	H	M	H	M	H
118	F	F	P	PX	G	◊	M	M	M	M
119	G	G	G	PX	G	◊	H	H	M	H
120	G	G	G	PX	P	◊	H	H	H	H

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.  
 \*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

G = good  
 F = fair  
 P = poor

H = high  
 M = moderate  
 L = low

◊ = Field Reconnaissance  
 X = Surface fines abundant

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

**Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.**

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

Date: 2/9/93 Page 13 of 15

WAU: Tolt

Analyst: J. Light

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability				
	Spawning	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines		Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**
				PX	P						
121	G	G	F			◊	H	H	H	H	H
122	NOT	FISH	BEARING			◊	NOT	FISH	BEARING	H	H
123	G	G	F			◊	H	H	NOT	FISH	BEARING
124	NOT	FISH	BEARING				H	H	H	H	H
125	G	G	G				L	L	L	L	L
126	P	P	P				H	H	H	H	H
127	G	G	G				L	L	L	L	L
128	P	P	P				L	L	L	L	L
129	P	P	P				M	M	M	M	M
130	F	F	P								

\* Always use the spawning habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for peak flow.

\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

◊ = Field Reconnaissance

X = Surface Fines Abundant

G = good

F = fair

P = poor

H = high

M = moderate

L = low

# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5.

### Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2-9-93

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Analyst: J. Light

Segment Number	Habitat Potential				Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability				Temp**	
	Spawning	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines	Percent Pools			Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD		
131	P	P	P					L	L	L	L	L	
132	F	G	F					M	H	M	H	H	
133	NOT	FISH	BEARING					NOT	FISH	BEARING			
134	G	G	G					H	H	H	H		
135	G	G	F					P	◊	H	H		
136	NOT	FISH	BEARING					H	H	H	H		
137	NOT	FISH	BEARING					NOT	FISH	BEARING			
138	G	G	G					P	◊	H	H		
139	NOT	FISH	BEARING					H	H	H	H		
140	NOT	FISH	BEARING					NOT	FISH	BEARING			
								NOT	FISH	BEARING			

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\*\* Always use the summer rearing habitat potential to get the default habitat vulnerability call for temperature.

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# WATERSHED ANALYSIS—FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT

## Worksheet ff-5. Summary of habitat vulnerability calls based on habitat potential and existing habitat condition ratings.

River Basin: Snohomish (WRIA—07)

WAU: Tolt

Date: 2/9/93 Page 15 of 15

Analyst: J. Light

Segment Number	Habitat Potential			Existing Habitat Condition Ratings			Habitat Vulnerability				
	Spawning	Summer Rearing	Winter Rearing	Percent Fines		Percent Pools	Fine Sediment	Coarse Sediment	Peak Flow*	LOD	Temp**
				F → P	F						
141	G	G	G	◊	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
142	G	G	G		H	H	H	H	H	H	H
143	G	G	F		H	H	H	H	H	H	H
144	G	G	F		G	H	M	H	M	H	H
145-160	NOT	FISH BEARING	BEARING		NOT	FISH BEARING	L	L	L	L	L
161	P	P	P		FISH PRESENCE	M	H	M	H	H	H
162	F	G	F		NEEDS TO BE CONFIRMED	M	H	M	H	H	H
163	F	G	F			H	M	H	M	H	H
164	NOT	FISH BEARING	BEARING		NOT	FISH BEARING	NOT	FISH BEARING	NOT	FISH BEARING	
166	NOT	FISH BEARING	BEARING								

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G = good  
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